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The North Carolinian.

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THE NORTH CAROLINIAN

POWER

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"Many Iowa people," says the Iowa State *Register*, "have sent fifty cents to an Eastern sharper for a 'sure insect exterminator,' and have received in reply a slip of paper reading, 'Get your insects to smoke cigarettes.'"

Amy Levy, the young English Jewess and gifted author and poet, whose novel, "Reuben Sacks," was thought to be the important one of the year in London, is dead, at the early age of twenty-three. At her own request her remains were cremated.

The Japanese estimates for the current financial year show a total revenue of $78,600,000, and an expenditure of $76,596,000. The land tax is estimated to yield $42,248,000, the income tax $1,053,500, the tax on rice beer brewing $14,497,400.

Dr. Ogle, an eminent statistician, says that the movement from the country to the towns is all right. It is only the surplus population. Enough people to profitably till the land will always remain in the country. But, inquires the Chicago *Times*, how about the surplus population of the towns?

According to the Calcutta correspondent of the London *Times*, a herd of 100 wild elephants has been captured in Mysore, India. The same correspondent states that there were 6000 deaths from snake-bites in the Northwest province last year. In Madras 10,096 cattle were killed by wild animals, and the loss of human life by snakes and wild animals was 1642.

The development of the Russian merchant navy in the Black Sea is being pushed forward with much energy, and the navy will shortly be increased by the addition of a large steamer of 4,000 tons from Sweden, for the petroleum traffic to India, and of two steamers built in England at a cost of $300,000 each. A duty of $50,000 will have to be paid for each of these steamers.

News comes from the City of Mexico that the American tramp has invaded the land of Montezuma and President Diaz, and that the latter has ordered these peripatetic citizens of the greater Republic to be caught wherever found and put to work cleaning streets. The St. Louis *Star-Sayings* thinks "we may soon look for their exodus from Mexico to their erstwhile fields of idleness in America."

Recently published statistics show that the three countries in Europe in which the population increased at the most rapid rate are Sweden, Denmark and Germany. In the two first-named the birth rate exceeds the deaths by 11 per cent. annually, and in Germany the increase is over 10 per cent. In England, Russia and Holland the increase is over 9 per cent. In Norway and Belgium 8 per cent., in Austria and Italy 7 per cent., and Switzerland 6 per cent. In France alone the population remains almost stationary, the increase being only just over 2 per cent.

For some time past there has been considerable dissatisfaction felt and expressed by the other nations of this hemisphere at the tacit accordance by the whole world of the title "American" to the United States. A citizen of Mexico when in Europe is not spoken of or regarded as an American; he is always a Mexican. A Canadian is not an American, or a Brazilian anything else than a Brazilian; in fact, residents of the United States are the only recognized Americans. Under the circumstances would it not be a good idea, suggests an exchange, for the coming congress to devote some attention to the subject? Perhaps the assembled nations might agree to call the western hemphisphere Columbia, and leave to the United States the name America. We have already practically usurped it; why not give us a full right to use it? and perhaps one of these days we may be able to rid ourselves of the cumbersome title of the United States of America and substitute for it the shorter and more striking name of America.

While several nations are now blockading a long stretch of African coasts to keep slaves from getting out and firearms from getting in it is a little remarkable, the New York *Sun* considers, that in some regions improved weapons are pouring into inner Africa at the rate, apparently with the connivance of the very nations engaged in the blockade. When the King of Mattabeleland recently consented to let white men dig for gold in Mashona land, which is now talked of as the coming Eldorado, he stipulated that 1000 breech-loading rifles and 100,000 cartridges must be sent him. They have just passed through British territory to the country of the bloodthirsty Matabele. With their own rude weapons they have been the scourge of South Africa, and it now looks as though the British were arming them, the more effectually to wipe out all the surrounding tribes. In spite of the blockade the trade in guns and powder seems to go on without let or hindrance along the Zambes, and in the Nyassa region where Portugal, to serve her own purposes, is sending the goods far and wide into the country.

Over Their Graves.

Over their graves rang once the bugle's call,
The searching shrapnel, and the crashing ball;
The shriek, the shock of battle, and the neigh
Of horse; the cries of anguish and dismay;
And the loud cannon's thunders that appall.
Now through the years the brown pine-needles fall,
The vines run riot by the old stone wall,
By hedge, by meadow streamlet, far away,
Over their graves!
We love our dead where'er so held in thrall,—
Than they no Greek more bravely died, nor Gaul,—
A love that's deathless! but they look today
With no reproaches on us when we say,
"Come! let us clasp your hands, we're brothers all,"
Over their graves!

—*Henry J. Stockard in the Centu.*

THE WEDDING JEWELS.

"Two of 'em going to be married at once!" said Aunt Amaranth. "Well, that's good luck for Emily Jane. Six girls are a dreadful dispensation of Providence."

"I don't think mamma thinks so, Aunt Amaranth," said Lucy Pond, coloring.

"She don't say so, of course, out of consideration for the feelings of you girls," said Aunt Amaranth, sourly; "but there's no sort of doubt but that she thinks so, poor dear! I don't know why you couldn't, some of you, have had the sense to be born boys!"

"You talk as if we did it on purpose," said Lucy, half laughing.

"Well, how do I know but what you did?" retorted Aunt Amaranth. "There! you needn't bang the dishes about in that way. You've cracked more teacups, Lucy Pond, and chipped the edges of more saucers, in the six weeks that you have been here, than I did since I've kept house!"

Lucy's lip quivered; the roses deepened on her cheeks.

"I try to be careful," said she.

"No, you don't!" said Aunt Amaranth, tartly, "You don't try to do anything, except to curl your hair and fix over your gowns and read poetry books, when you ought to be sewing for me. How do you expect to pay for your board and lodging, else?"

"Your black dress is finished, Aunt Amaranth, and I did up all your muslin caps yesterday, and every pair of silk stockings is darned so you can't see the joins!" eagerly speaks up Lucy.

Aunt Amaranth elevated her hands.

"There you go again!" said she. "It's your chief failing, Lucy Pond, to want to argue every question that comes up. I do wish I could break you of that!"

Lucy made no answer, but her compressed rose bud of a mouth, the two round red spots on her cheeks, and the mechanical drumming of her fingers on the table near by, evinced the unquietness of her spirit.

How she would have liked to fling all Aunt Amaranth's ostentatious patronage back in her face, and return to the little city house where the five other sisters were all happy together! But that was quite out of the question.

Mrs. Pond was poor; it cost a great deal to live. Lucy, after all, was only one of six, and it had been considered a fine thing for the little maiden when Aunt Amaranth Jay had given her a grudging invitation to come and visit her. And here were Clara and Bessie to be married to young Dr. Clifford and Harry McVicker—yes, Aunt Amaranth was right, it did seem as if the sun of good luck were rising on the Pond horizon once more.

"I suppose," said Aunt Amaranth, still following up the thread of her reflections as she knitted steadily away at her black silk mitten, "they'll expect some sort of a wedding present, from me."

"I don't think they'll expect anything of the sort, Aunt Amaranth."

"Girls always do. Well, let me see. I'm not rich, but there's that solid silver salver of mine. I could have the initials rubbed out and replaced with 'C. P.' for Clara Pond, and I've kept that set of family jewels all these years—"

"Oh, Aunt Amaranth, don't."

"Brooch and ear-rings!" authoritatively enunciated the old lady. "Girls always like trinkets. Bessie is the eldest. Bessie shall have the pin and ear-drops. They ought to go in the family."

But when this news reached the Pond tribe great was the consternation it produced.

"Aunt Amaranth's opals, indeed!" said Bessie, a tall, slim, young brunette. "I wouldn't have 'em if you were to give me a thousand dollars. Of all gems, opals are the unluckiest!"

"My dear, that's all nonsense!" said Mrs. Pond, a gentle, dove-eyed little widow, with golden hair streaked with silver. "I've been wishing we could afford you a pretty set of topaz, or something, and—"

"But I wouldn't wear opals," said Bessie.

"Well, then, suppose you take the salver, and Clara—"

"No, thanks!" said Clara, with a toss of the yellow head that was like her mother's. "I don't want any second-hand ill-luck, either."

"But what will your aunt think!"

"What she pleases," said Clara.

"She is so kind to dear Lucy."

"I am sure that's no merit on her part," said Bessie. "No one could help being kind to Lucy."

"What am I to say to her?" sighed Mrs. Pond.

"The truth, mamma, of course."

Undoubtedly this was good advice, yet the truth is by no means always palatable.

Aunt Amaranth was very angry.

"The jewels were good enough for the Jay family," said she. "I don't know why the Ponds should turn up their noses at 'em. However, let 'em do as they please. Its their business, not mine, if Bessie chooses to do without her wedding present. What is it, Lucy? the minister again? It seems to me he calls pretty often, don't he?"

"Y-yes, perhaps he does," admitted Lucy, with downcast eyelashes.

"Can't you see what he wants?"

"He asked for you, Aunt Amaranth."

"Well, I suppose I must go in and see him," said the old lady, adjusting her cap ribbons. "He's a very good young man. That last Sunday's sermon of his was really very good for a beginner."

She went in complacently, but when she came out, she looked reproachfully at Lucy.

"Lucy," said she, "is this true?"

Lucy hung down her head.

"Why didn't you tell me before?"

"I—I thought you must surely see it for yourself," murmured Lucy.

"Well, I suppose I have been blinder than any bat!" sighed the old lady. "It never once occurred to me that you would make any sort of minister's wife."

"I mean to try my best, Aunt Amaranth."

"And he wants you to be married right away. Well, you've been a good girl, Lucy," reluctantly conceded the old lady, "and we'll go shopping this afternoon and get you a gown or two, and a bonnet and a shawl. I suppose you'll want to go home and be married where Clara and Bessie are?"

"If you don't object, aunt."

"Much good my objecting would do," said the shrewd old lady. "Well, well, young folks will be young folks, and I must look out for a wedding present for you now."

Lucy lifted her soft brown eyes to Aunt Amaranth's face. She had pitied the old lady's discomfiture when the opals had been so ruthlessly rejected by the other two brides.

"Aunt Amaranth," said she, "you need not look out for anything new for me. You have spent a deal of money on me already, and you are proposing to spend more. And if you don't mind, why shouldn't I wear the jewels—the old family jewels—that you were going to give to Bessie?"

"Would you like them?" sharply demanded Aunt Amaranth.

"Yes."

"Yov have no silly prejudice against opals?"

"No, Aunt Amaranth."

"Do you like them?"

"I am sure that I shall like anything that you give me, Aunt Amaranth," said she, "whatever it is."

"Humph," said the old lady. "You are a good girl."

Great was the cooing and chattering when the three brides-elect were together in the little red-brick city house, each working on her own trousseau—for the Ponds were poor and dressmakers' bills were not to be thought of.

But Lucy had shared the best of all, through Aunt Amaranth's unlooked-for generosity.

"She has been so good!" said Lucy, with sparkling eyes. "Oh, I'm so sorry that I ever was cross or unjust to her!"

"For all that," said Clara, "it would take more than Aunt Amaranth's silk gowns and pretty embroideries to induce me to wear those hideous opals of hers."

"I would wear anything to please Aunt Amaranth," said loyal Lucy.

"Suppose you show them to us," said Clara.

"Oh, I have not come into possession of them yet," said Lucy. "Aunt Amaranth is to bring them when she comes to the wedding."

"You won't wear them to be married in?"

"If Aunt Amaranth wishes it, I will."

And to this resolution Lucy bravely adhered, in spite of logic, persuasion or ridicule.

It was the night before the triple-wedding. Aunt Amaranth, fresh from her journey, was drinking tea and eating cold chicken at a corner of the table, and asking innumerable questions.

"Only three girls left, eh, Emily Jane?" said the old lady. "Well, if they're all as good as Lucy here, I almost wish they were mine. By-the-way, here's Lucy's brooch and earrings."

Mrs. Pond glanced timidly at the lilac-velvet case. In her secret heart she, too, feared the reputed ill-luck of opals; yet Aunt Amaranth was by far too important a person to offend.

"Do you want to put 'em on?" said the old lady, abruptly, to her favorite neice.

"Yes, Aunt Amaranth," said Lucy smiling.

"He's coming tonight, I suppose!"

"Oh, of course!"

"I should like him to see you wearing them," said Miss Jay, complacently.

"Then I will put them on," said Lucy, taking up the case.

"Let me do it, my dear," said Aunt Amaranth.

Two drops of fiery dew, across of glittering white stones, flashed at Lucy's throat and in her little, shell-like ears.

"Oh, Aunt Amaranth!" she cried out.

"Diamonds!" screamed Clara.

"But I thought," stammered Bessie, "that they were opals!"

"So they were once upon a time," said the old lady. "But I got tired of 'em. I never did fancy colored stones. So last year I changed 'em off, by adding a little to the sum total, and got the diamonds instead. Diamonds are the thing for a bride—eh, Lucy?"

"But, Aunt Amaranth," pleaded Lucy, "they are a deal too good for me."

"Not a bit," said the old lady stoutly. "They're not a particle brighter than those eyes of yours."

And of all the three brides, gentle little Lucy shone most radiantly, with the family jewels, on her marriage day.

"If we had only known!" said Clara.

"Oh, if!" cried Bessie.

"If is a big word for a little one!" said Aunt Amaranth. "You took your own choice, girls."—*Helen Forest Graves.*

The Food of Man.

The lower mammals can live and flourish with comparatively little change of diet; not so man. He demands food not only dissimilar in its actual grosser nature, but differently prepared. In a word, for the efferent nervous impulses, on which the digestive processes depend, to be properly supplied, it has become necessary that a variety of afferent impulses (through the eye, ear, nose, palate) reach the nervous centers, attuning them to harmony, so that they shall act, yet not interfere with one another.

Cooking greatly alters the chemical composition, the mechanical condition, and, in consequence, the flavor, the digestibility, and the nutritive value of foods. To illustrate, meat in its raw condition would present mechanical difficulties, the digestive fluids permeating it less completely; an obstacle, however, of far greater magnitude in the case of most vegetable foods. By cooking certain chemical compounds are replaced by others, while some may be wholly removed. As a rule, boiling is not a good form of preparing meat, because it withdraws not only salts of importance, but proteids and the extractives—nitrogenous and other. Beef-tea is valuable chiefly because of these extractives, though it also contains a little gelatin, albumin, and fats. Salt meat furnishes less nutriment, a large part having been removed by the brine; notwithstanding, all persons at times, and some frequently, find such food highly beneficial, the effect being doubtless not confined to the alimentary tract.

Meat, according to the heat employed, may be so cooked as to retain the greater part of its juices within it, or the reverse. With a high temperature (65 to 70 degrees C.) the outside in roasting may be so quickly hardened as to retain the juices.—*Popular Science Monthly.*

How Turkish Rugs are Made.

An exact reproduction of how Turkish rugs are made in the East is given in a show window on Broadway, says the New York *Sun*. A genuine Turk, attired in a purple tunic reaching to his feet and tied about the waist with a gaudy sash, with his head encased in a maroon fez, is giving the exhibition. The loom on which he works is composed of two uprights of undressed wood. Between these uprights at top and bottom run two rollers at right angles. Over these rollers is stretched a network of cord. Two smaller sticks are introduced between the interstices of the network, one half way down and the other a few inches above the lower roller, which serves to keep the network taut and also act as a guide for the eye. The operator sits, tailor-fashion, on a Turkish rug and within his reach are skeins of worsted of various colors. Three or four strands about three inches long, are taken at a time. These are twisted about a single cord, tied and then cut off to make the requisite length of the fur of the rug. The next cord is similarly treated, and so on, until the width of the rug is completed. The worker carries the design in his head, and produces his patterns by the use of different colored worsteds. The operation is a very slow one, and a skilful worker cannot accomplish more than two inches on a rug of ordinary width in a day.

The spectacle is a most interesting one, and large crowds are continually about the window watching the rug-maker's progress.

A Great Sensation.

"Hello, Penjab," said one reporter to another, "looking for a sensation?"

"No, I discovered one last night."

"How?"

"By stepping on a tack while I was walking with the baby."—*Merchant Traveler.*

Silk Without Worms.

M. de Carbonnet, a French savant, has discovered how to make silk without worms. He began his experiments some time ago with the guiding idea that the peculiar appearance of silk was the result of the spinning of a liquid. After many months of repeated and unsuccessful trials he produced several yards of silk in this wise: He poured a collodion solution into a copper receiver which emptied into a system of small glass tubes. These tubes terminated in capillaries which carried off the solution in fine threadlike streams. In the second system of glass tubes, filled with water, the fine streams became fine threads, which, before leaving the water were caught mechanically and wound around tiny rollers. After being heated and cooled in an acid of special gravity and temperature, the threads were made less combustible than cotton by being saturated in a simple chemical preparation. The quality of the silk goods manufactured from these threads are fine. The threads are cylindrical. De. Carbonnet's silk is much more brilliant than ordinary silk, and absorbs and holds coloring matter more satisfactorily. As yet only a few pieces have been produced by the new process. De Carbonnet is confident, however, that further experiments will enable him to manufacture silk cheaply and in large quantities. In fact, he thinks that a few years hence the silk worms may as well go and die, as machinery will then be doing their work much better than they can do it themselves.

How Congressmen Live.

For a Congressman to live in the capital—that is, to make even a very mediocre figure in society—says a writer in the Washington *Star*, he must spend an amount equal to at least twice his salary. I should think $15,000 a year would hardly go far in giving a man anything like a prestige. I mean, of course, the average Congressman, the person who has neither brilliancy nor social standing to commend him. It is a fact, and a regrettable one, that a Congressman is measured by the money he spends, not by his ability or merit. Take the average Congressman who endeavors to live within his modest salary and he lives in a very unpretentious way. A cheap boarding-house, say $8 to $10 a week, is his temporary home. His social life is a narrow one, as must necessarily be the life of a Representative who has no wealth to squander. He is a fit prey of the lobbyist, an easy subject for shrewd jobbers, for he sees the others living in clover and knows that it is within his reach, and the temptation is not always resisted. But take it all in all, the Congressmen do not always live "high," not in the elegant style which newspaper correspondents delight in picturing. Very few, if any, of them save any money out of their salary. It is possible for a man to live, but his standing is impaired and his prospects damaged beyond repair. There is no reason why a man could not live within his means beyond that of social pleasure.

Club Life for Young Men.

Young men of moderate means, yet able to live above the boarding-houses, find the smaller clubs of this town, says a New York correspondent of the *Pittsburg Post*, cheap and agreeable places of residence. A man who would rent two rooms in a lodging-house does very well with one in a club, since he has the use of parlors and library. Comfortable club-lodgings may be had at from $15 to $40 a month, and club restaurants are as cheap as anything above the degree of the boarding-house or the poorer table d'hotes. An economical man can live in a respectable club at $45 a month, and for $75 a month may have a spacious room and many table luxuries. Rooms at the Fellow Craft Club are occupied almost the year round, and the Authors Club usually has a few lodgers. The same is true of several of the Greek letter clubs. Out of about fifty fully-equipped clubs in this city, less than a dozen can be regarded as expensive by reason of initiation fees, dues, restaurant charges, or general standard of living. Among the other forty almost any presentable young man may find at least one suited to his purse, pursuits and tastes. The smaller clubs admirably illustrate Mr. Depew's observation, that a club is an institution to which a thousand men pay dues that a hundred may have cheap dinners. As a matter of fact, the proportion of dinners to membership is usually even smaller than this.

He Could Spell.

During the Franco-Prussian War, a corporal came to the doctor with one of his men who was unfit for the saddle. The doctor examined him, and found him suffering from rheumatism. The corporal proceeded to fill up the requisite form for the man's admission to the nearest military hospital. "Can you spell rheumatism, corporal?" said the doctor. "I think I can, doctor, thank you," replied he, saluting. The corporal was Louis Coetlogon, one of the leading journalists of Paris.

Many professions are crowded, but there is always room at the top. Take the elevator, young man, and you will get there.

SPOUTING GEYSERS.

Making the Yellowstone Park Springs Boil.

Soaping the Geysers Causes Their Extinction.

Early one morning, a few years ago, a Chinese laundryman pitched his tent close beside one of the geysers in the Yellowstone National Park and supplied himself with hot water from the spring, thus saving himself the trouble of setting up a boiler and building a fire. During the day he accidentally dropped a bar of soap into the steaming geyser, and in a few minutes there was a rumbling, a roar, an outburst of steam and water, and the tent and the Chinaman were literally "blown up." The scalded Celestial did not stop running until he reached the hotel, and he was then too thoroughly frightened for utterance. Since then it has been almost impossible to induce a Cainaman to remain in the vicinity of the geysers.

But the accidental discovery that a geyser could be provoked into spouting out of its time has been turned to account by some of the guides and soldiers in the park, and the result is that some of the wonderful springs have become very irregular in their action, and there is a possibility that they will cease to spout altogether.

There are 17 large geysers in the upper basin, and some of them at regular intervals send up streams of water from 10 to 30 feet in circumference to a height of 150 and 200 feet. As tourists rarely remain at this spot more than 24 hours, they, of course, want to see one of the large geysers play. Unless they arrive on the opportune days, the only geyser they are likely to see is "Old Faithful," which spouts every 65 minutes. But to see the other geysers spout is the event of the trip, and in this matter the assistance of the soldier who is placed on guard to prevent tourists from despoiling public property is requested.

At every point of interest the tourist finds a soldier watching his footsteps. This espionage is to prevent vandals and "cranks" from scrawling their names on the rocks, and to stop the relic fiends from defacing the beautiful rock formations that surround the geysers. But these fellows have learned about the accident which befell the Chinaman and his field laundry, and many of them will undertake to make a geyser spout, even if it be not its exhibition day.

The initiated tourist hands to one of these guardians a five-dollar note. The soldier slices a bar of soap into thin pieces, wraps the mass in a sheet of paper, and while walking around the geyser to see that no one defaces the rocks, throws the paper of chipped soap into the steaming spring. Then he retires, and he and the tourist await developments. In from half an hour to an hour the spring begins to spout, its action being forced by the chemicals in the soap.

Soaping the geysers makes them irregular, and finally they become extinct. The Bee Hive ceased playing on account of the soaping process. It was a very fine geyser and the irruptions were grand. The soap was again tried the other day with success. Just as the spouting began two tourist and a soldier emerged from behind some trees a short distance away and run to a point as near the geyser as they dared go. This spouting was a surprise to all save the initiated, especially as there is a little "indicator" geyser nearby that spouts as a warning that the larger one is about to play. As the visitors did not also treat the little geyser to soap it did not play.

The forcing of the water to the surface by chemical means before the periods fixed by nature destroys the regular flow. The volume of water thrown out becomes smaller, and the grandeur of the spectacle is diminishing. Finally the natural forces which create the spectacle become disorganized, and the geyser ceases to be a geyser. Thus one of the greatest attractions of the Yellowstone Park is in danger of extinction.—*New York Star.*

A Mean Man Punished.

A well-dressed man, of about forty, was trying to make his dog bathe in the Seine at Paris, but the animal appeared to have little taste for aquatic exercises. When, after much hesitation, it refused to enter the water, he seized it by the neck and threw it into the river.

The dog quickly swam to the shore, but as the bank was at that place bounded by a steep wall, all its efforts to get over it were in vain, and his master, in reaching over to help him, lost his balance and fell into the water. Two watermen hastened up, held out a pole to him, and succeeded in drawing out both master and dog safe and sound. No sooner on land, instead of manifesting his joy at being rescued from death, he showed marks of great despair.

On being asked the reason, he replied that when he was leaning over the wall to help his dog up his purse had fallen out of his coat pocket, and disappeared under the water. A boy offered to go in and find it.

"Go!" said the gentleman; "you shall be well rewarded."

The boy took a header, dived several times, and at last, after having roused the anxiety of the bystanders by his long disappearance, he showed himself, dripping with water, holding in triumph the lost article, which he brought to its owner; but before giving it to him, he stopped and held out the other hand.

The gentleman had confided to those present that this purse contained 850 francs. A murmur of indignation, therefore, arose when they saw him take one franc from his pocket and offer it to the lad. He might, perhaps, have accepted it, had not a bystander called out:

"He offers you a franc. I will give you two if you will throw it back into the water again!"

The owner of the purse darted forward, but before he could seize it, the boy had thrown the purse back into the Seine.

"How much will you give now to have it picked up again?" the gentleman who owned it was asked.

"Five francs!"

"That is not enough. Give fifty!"

After some disputing the bargain was concluded. The boy dived down again and brought back the purse amid the shouts of laughter and cheers of all present. The miser, much vexed, had then to perform his part of the bargain, but not without many grimaces and much grumbling.—*Yankee Blade.*

Mesmerism in Surgery.

There may be more in mesmerism—now called hypotism—than the medical fraternity generally are ready to admit. Medicine under modern developments, says a London journal, has been so engrossed with the fascinating theory that mind is a function of matter that it has quite forgotten to discuss the possibility of the converse and equally fascinating hypothesis that matter is a function of mind.

A severe operation has just been concluded in Paris on a young woman during a mesmeric trance. In the Hotel Dieu the patient was subjected by a Paris surgeon to a painful cutting operation "of the class called dangerous and requiring great delicacy of manipulation," she being at the time "wholly insensible to pain, showing no sign of suffering, and awakening"—not from an anæsthetic of the ordinary kind, but from a mesmeric sleep—"wholly oblivious of what had taken place."

These and like experiments are unmistakable evidences that the medical profession is awakening to the possibility of establishing under the banner of the nineteenth century science the essence of the ancient doctrine of the supremacy of mind.

Night Sights in New York Street Cars.

Late at night one sees many curious scenes in the street cars, says a New York correspondent of the Chicago *Herald*. Coming from the theatre the other night I witnessed one that impressed me quite a bit. The car was full of people returning from various theatres. There was a pretty girl snuggling up under the wing of her escort; the prosaic married couple who stared straight before them; an old German decidedly the worse for beer; a girl with a tawdry, yellow wig and a cheap cotton jersey and rhinestones in her ears. There entered the dirtiest, weirdest, saddest, oldest-faced little wretch of a newsboy, who offered his papers. No one heeded the begrimed, entreating paw. He was about to plunge off the car when a well-dressed man who looked if he might have been dining out, called the child, and much to his amazed awe, bought his entire stock. The little fellow, who looked as Moses may when the manna dropped from heaven, sprang from the car and was lost in the darkness. The swell amused himself by tearing the paper into bits and casting them out into the night.

Exercise, Breathing and Perspiration.

Running makes a person warm because of the inhalation of an increased amount of air, causing the blood to pass more rapidly through the lungs. The rapid inhalation of air involves the introduction of a greater quantity of air into the body, which renders the combustion of the blood more rapid, and the blood itself more heated. The quantity of air breathed while running at the rate of six miles an hour is six times that breathed while walking at the rate of one mile an hour. The superfluous heat arising from the exertion of running is disposed of through the skin by means of increased perspiration.

The Czar's Ironclad Train.

A new imperial train has just been built for the Emperor of Russia. The saloons are covered with iron outside, and then comes eight inches of cork instead of the steel plates with which the carriages of the old train were protected. All the saloons (which communicate by a covered passage) are exactly the same in outward appearance, so that no outsider may be able to discover in which carriage the Czar is travelling. During the Emperor's journey last autumn he passed the most of his time in a carriage, which, from the outside, looks like a luggage van.

The Forest Flower.

Life is sweet, O forest flower!
In your leaf encircled bower,
Gentle breezes sing to thee,
Bird and bee are company,
As, with song or noisy hum,
In the summer days they come,
Morn or even brings its dew,
Priceless bounty unto you,
Safely guarded, hour by hour,
Life is sweet, O forest flower!

Life is pure, O forest flower!
When the rain drops are your dower,
Dropping, dropping, one by one,
Till their bi seed work is done,
Winds bear on your sweet perfume,
Outward from the forest gloom,
Where the grassy meadows are,
Over hill and mountain far,
'Tis your gift of soothing power,
Life is pure, O forest flower!

—*J. R. M. Wright in Picayune.*

HUMOROUS.

The railroad tie is no four-in-hand.

The waiter girl is different from a poet. She is not born; she is maid to order.

The highest grade of impudence—to wait in an umbrella shop for a shower to pass over.

Be not quick to anger, but if you are chased by a mad bull take to fence as quickly as you can.

It makes no difference whether or not bad poetry is written on both sides of a sheet of paper.

Guard—Sir, if you want to smoke in this carriage you must either get out or throw your cigar away.

Little Annette—"Mother, do please buy me a new doll; my old one is quite ashamed when asked its age."

Teacher: What great event occurred in 1878. Small Boy (after a pause): Pease, Ma'm I was born then.

It is instinct that prompts a girl who knows nothing of the world to ask to drive when you strike a lonely road.

A sure sign that the door bell is going to ring: When you are the only one in the house and are in the bathtub.

Young man hunting heiresses should remember that "Miss Fortunes never come singly." You have to marry 'em.

The man who kicked a collector out of his office remarked that if he couldn't foot his bills one way he would another.

If you save one cent a day, Ebenezer, you will not have to lose a friend at the end of the year by trying to borrow a dollar from him.

Reginald—"I have a vague idea—" Grosvenor (interrupting)—"What, that is a positive improvement! Let me congratulate you."

Rather Rough.—"You are growing! It seems to me that my society is not enough for you." "On the contrary, it is too much for me."

Author—I always test my sketches by reading them to my wife. Friend—Ah, yes—and you use those she likes! Author—No, those she doesn't.

The lay of the poet and the lay of the hen differ in several important features, and none more signally than in the readiness with which the lay of the hen is convertible into hard cash.

"Do you remember how ten years ago in this very place you offered yourself to me?" "Oh, yes, and you refused me." "I have been reconsidering the matter." "So have I."

About the only time the small boy thinks of traveling for the benefit of his health is when he is in a farmer's apple-orchard and sees the owner and a cross dog approaching. Then he travels. He would find it very unhealthy if he didn't.

No Waiting for Inspiration.

Mr. Frith, the artist, in his "Reminiscences," gives a hint which is of value in many departments of work: "Believing, as I have every reason to do, in hard and constant work, I earnestly desire to warn the student against waiting for a disposition to work. Nothing is more common than for a young man—or an elderly one, for the matter of that—to say, 'Oh, I couldn't work today; somehow or other I could not get the steam up; I set my palette, but the inclination to work would not come.' My reply to that is, 'You should have set to work, whether you were in the humor or not,' and you would have found, before you had been painting half an hour, that an 'exposition' of work had come over you to such a degree as to carry you on successfully through the day. I, who speak, have experienced the truth of the above hundreds of times. I don't think I ever allowed myself to be stopped from regular work by any of the qualms of disinclination. When I have urged my views on the question of steady and continuous industry on some volatile natures, I have been told that 'a man must wait until his genius prompts before he can work and that painting done against the grain can be but poor stuff.' For myself, I must admit that, if I had waited till 'genius urged me on, I should be waiting at this moment; my pictures would not have been painted."

Her Reason For It.

What made you fall in love with the tenor?" asked the alto of the soprano.

"Because I knew he could never be a bass deceiver," was the satisfactory reply.

The North Carolinian.

Published Every Wednesday

For terms and advertising rates, see first page.

Communications relative to any of the interests of the Albemarle District solicited.

FIFTY YEARS.

The aged men and women of the present day look at the passage of the last half century as a dream that is past. And yet what changes have been made in the political and domestic economy of the United States.

But what are to be the results and lessons of the next fifty years? The population of the United States will then be at least 150,000,000. Where are they to live, and what are they to eat? At present it takes about six bushels of wheat or corn per capita to feed the inhabitants, taking now about 360,000,000 bushels.

Fifty years hence with a population of 150 millions, at the same rate it will take 900,000,000 bushels. Where is it to come from, and where is it to be raised? Wheat is said to be a desolator of soil, leaving barrenness in its track. While the wheat area is being pushed North West and into the valleys of the mountains, the area behind is closing up. Says a Western writer:

"The Genesee country, the Western Reserve, the Wabash Valley, and the Grand Prairies of Illinois, so celebrated in their several periods as prolific of wheat, have long since been abandoned as feasible fields for wheat raising. Illinois, Iowa, Missouri and Wisconsin are following suit."

Then where are the 900,000,000 bushels to come from annually to feed the 150,000,000 inhabitants? There are no new worlds to discover. The entire face of the earth is known, But the United States has nothing to dread. It has the *great cornfield of the world*, which produces the most nutricious human food. Its roots do not desolate the soil. By proper care and wise farming equal crops can be raised for a thousand years in succession, and the human race may never fear a lack of food. The population of the world may be three times that at present, and the corn area of the United States can produce enough of this rich and nutritious cereol to feed the world.

It is an easy matter to farm profitably on rich soil, ample capital and with all the necessary appliances, but the farmer who expects to succeed with but limited facilities will find it unprofitable to adhere too rigidly to customs of the past. It is essential that the farmer advance carefully, but no farmer can expect to obtain the full benefit of his labor unless he is willing to accept the results of his experiments, and to endeavor of improve his opportunities.

When Tanner was in power the Democratic newspapers vilified him because he was "too generous." When it was deemed best to change the character of his service they flattered him, hoping to induce him to talk. Now that they find themselves unable to succeed in that direction they sling-bang him as a partner in a bargain by which, for holding his tongue, he is to be rewarded.

A year ago this country was stirred from its centre to its boundary lines, and the verdict of the people was in favor of the Republican party. Among the issues discussed and decided were a revision of the tariff in the interest of the manufacturing industries and labor of the country; and a monetary system that will give to our finances stability.

If farmers, like the government, have a trouble with some surplus revenue on hand, the way to reduce it is to quarrel with your neighbor, go into a lawsuit over some frivilous difficulty, appeal from the justice of the peace to the district court, and from that to the supreme court. The surplus will be gone, and the lawyers have the farm.

The United States is more careful of the character and sobriety of the Indians than it is of the present and coming generation who are to mould and control the future destinies of this country. The government does not allow intoxicating liquors to be sold to Indians, but allows it to sold to all classes of white.

The death of Edwin Colgan, the editor of "The Cumberland Gap," at Middleborough, Ky., is reported. He was the author of the following dog gerel that has went the rounds of the press:

The June-bug has a gaudy wing,
The lightning-bug has flame;
The bed-bug has no wings at all,
But he gets there just the same.

Kansas rejoices over her great corn crop. The cribs are full of corn now and marriage feasts are making the whole State merry.—Ex.

Happy Kansas. Frugal Kansas. By the time the cribs are empty she will be ready to fill them again.

The Republican party stands pledged to the building up of our merchant marine and to the policy that American merchandise shall be carried in American vessels and under the American flag.

STABLE SUGGESTIONS.

One of the most careful writers and practical stockmen says correctly that it is not surprising that in the neglected stables we find sore throat, inflamed lungs, diseased eyes, scratches farcy, mange and glanders. Nor is it wonderful that when disease appears it spreads rapidly through the whole stock, since they have been all exposed to the same kind of provoking causes. The escaping ammonia being a pungent gas, acts powerfully on the eyes, nose and lungs.

Since any affection of the wind and sight of the horse greatly damages the animal, it is a sufficient reason for extra care to secure good ventilation. Throwing damp bedding forward under the manger defiles the feed, and the horse is compelled to breathe poisonous fumes. "The bedding should be removed from the stable every morning," says this writer, "or at least carefully remove all that is wet and pile the remainder in the rear, rather than under the nose of the horse. Since the days of close, warm stables, pheumonia and lung trougles are increasing. Extremes of heat and cold tax the system heavily. The office of the lungs and skin is so essential in the work of cleansing the system that it cannot be interrupted without danger.

It is said that in some parts of the West cigarettes are quite commonly referred to as "coffin nails." This is unjust to coffin nails, which are in their way, useful and even necessary articles.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

[From our Regular Correspondent.]

WASHINGTON, November 1, 1889.

Senator Quay laughs good naturedly every time he hears of his being snubbed by the President, and he has heard it quite often this week, owing to the appointment of Mr. Field to be postmaster at Philadelphia. If Mr. Quay's head has any over-tender protuberances they are certainly too small to be seen by the naked eye. Take this case of the Philadelphia postmastership, for instance. When Mr. Field's name was first proposed for the position by Postmaster General Wanamaker, many months ago, Senator Quay opposed the appointment and it was at once "hung up" by the President, and the appointment would never have been made at all if Senator Quay had not withdrawn his opposition. This is a fair sample of all the cases in which the alleged snubbing of Senator Quay have taken place. He has not been snubbed; he is not disgruntled; he is not sulking; he is not sore-headed, and it is not at all probable that he will ever be so afflicted. Every story alleging any of these things, if traced to its origin, will be found to have emanated from Democratic sources.

Secretary Noble has undoubtedly made some serious political mistakes since he assumed the management of the Interior department, but his slashing attack this week upon the "cattle ring" which is trying to prevent the opening of the Cherokee outlet to settlement, deserves the approbation of the country and will be certain to receive it. He has written a very strong letter to Gen. Fairchild, chairman of the Commission now negotiating with the Cherokee Indians for the purchase of these lands, in which he shows the authority of the Government to acquire possession of these lands, and notifies the "cattle barons" that they must remove their property thereon on or before the first day of next June. This will probably be surprising news to the "cattle ring," which has had its own way so long that it had begun to think its power greater than that of the Government. All honor to Secretary Noble for the decided and courageous stand he has taken upon this important question.

More silly twaddle has been written about the civil service law than any one question now before the people, and the latest is the silliest of all. The worshippers of the present law are arguing in the editorial columns of papers friendly to it, that any attack made upon the present law by a republican, will be a violation of the national platform of the party, because the national platform of the party, because the national platform pledged the party to reform the civil service. As a matter of fact, that pledge in the platform furnishes the very best of reasons for attacking the present law, it, as its opponents openly charge, it is a failure and does not reform the civil service. There is no sense in trying to frighten the men who oppose the present law, by such arguments. If the law does not accomplish a good purpose the people should know it, and there is no better way to obtain this knowledge than by an open attack upon the law upon the floor of Congress. If the law is as beneficial as its friends claim it to be, why should they not welcome an opportunity to demonstrate that fact to the country.

Commissioner of Pensions Raum issued his first orders concerning the methods of business in the Pension Office this week. One of them provides that all involving large sums of money shall, after being prepared for adjudication, be sent to the desk of the Commissioner for his approval before the pension certificate is issued. This involves a big lot of very hard work. The Commissioner also held a consultation with Secretary Noble in relation to the re-rating of employes of the office but no conclusion was reached,

When you are sick you don't want theoretical or even logical demonstration to convince you as to the worth of a remedy you should use. Experimental knowledge is the true criterion. Read the experience of others who have used B. B. B. (Botonic Blood Balm). Their plain statements carry more force than all the logic and theories possible.

From Our Boston Correspondent.

BOSTON, October 29, 1889

Editor of THE CAROLINIAN.

We have to record light in a dark place. Harvard College, the highest seat of learning in the United States, has elected a colored young man, born in Virginia, to be its orator for all grand occasions for the year—an honor nearly a thousand students aspired for. This colored man is a cultured scholar and a natural orator, and Harvard College throws aside its prejudice against negroes and honors the young man with one of its highest honors. It shows that education for the colored race lifts them into power and a higher social plane. I don't say equal to the white race, for the laws of nature are unalterable in all things, but are of vast improvement.

Lead up your colored man to the school house and you by it improve his hands for the plow and hoe, and give him a better insight into the laws of human society, and he becomes a better citizen. The place for the colored race is in the sphere of the common labor of the world, and in no sense as an official of the Government until a period of proper qualification occurs.

The vast body of the white race are as unfit for official place as the colored man. Any common laborer, white or colored, that starts out in the world poor and secures thrifty ways and capital for his family in old age, elevates himself to a higher seat of honor, as a citizen, than a call to public life can give him. A poor white man and a poor colored man in public office are calculated for the poverty of old age.

This race question in our country is a trying one, but not the only one, and the improvement and good citizens pray for will not come in with much speed because the conditions of natural relationship are of a nature to demand a great deal of patience and forbearance with an awful amount of the stirring up of the tempers of men, especially politicians. Like all things that are capable of serious catastrophies, this is the invariable rule of the world. Even the Deluge was a failure in annihilation.

W. S.

A Beautiful Home in this State.

A model of the house which George W. Vanderbilt will build on his estate of 5,000 acres at Asheville, N. C., attracted much attention to the Tribune Building where it is exhibited. The model, about five feet long and three feet wide, was taken from a wagon in Nassau street to the office of Richard M. Hunt the architect, and while it was passing the crowd feasted their eyes on its towers and turrets, its suggestion of magnificent distances and imposing proportions.

Mr. Vanderbilt owns land for four miles along the banks of the French Broad River, and on a plateau which commands a wide range of mountain and valley, with a high bluff at one side and a succession of terraces leading down to the valley on the south and east, Mr. Vanderbilt will build his country house. It will be a chateau in the French Renaissance style over 300 feet long, with steep roofs and towers, and sharp gables, and generally elaborate ornamentation. A prominent feature of the chateau will be a stately octagon tower near the centre. This tower will inclose a massive stone staircase, and will be lighted on three sides by great square windows. On the side overhanging the bluff will be a loggia, or great promenade, its roof supported by stone pillars which will frame the views of the river and valley below in a succession of arches. The house will be of buff Indiana limestone, will be roofed with dark slate and will, of course, contain the appointments of a luxurious country house.

The grounds are to be laid out by Frederick Law Olmstead. A prominent feature will be a great arboretum, where Mr. Vanderbilt intends to make extensive experiments in forestry, importing and acclimating such foreign trees as are best suited to the conditions of the soil and climate. This work is not done anywhere in the country and its results may be of great public usefulness. The grounds will also contain a large deer park, a small lake and such other features as the natural conformation may suggest. Material and workmen are being collected new and work will begin in the spring. The place is expected to be ready for occupancy in about three years. —Tribune.

Eupepsy.

This is what you ought to have, in fact, you must have it to fully enjoy life. Thousands are searching for it daily and mourning because they find it not. Thousands upon thousands of dollars are spent annually by our people in the hope that they may attain this boon. And yet it may be had by all. We guarantee that Electric Bitters, if used according to directions and the use persisted in, will bring you Good Digestion and oust the demon Dyspepsia and install instead Eupepsy. We recommend Electric Bitters for Dyspepsia and all diseases of liver, stomach and kidneys. Sold at 50c and $1 per bottle by A. Wadsworth, Druggists.

Mr. Laird of Syracuse Asks the Free Traders a Tough Question.

Mr. P. B. Laird, the Syracuse, N. Y., stone cutter says: "If we purchase one ton of steel rails of England and pay $20, we have only kept even. If the rails were made by men who would otherwise have been idle England has gained $20 in wealth by the transaction. If our idle men are set to work and make the rails, we have them and the money, and have gained $20 in wealth. If it is true of the steel rails, it is also true of all the goods that we produce. If true, it settles the tariff question. Will some free trader tell us why it is not true?

No, Mr. Laird, no free trader will tell you that. No free trader can.

Ninety per cent of the people worth knowing were born on a farm.

Shaw University.

Rev. Dr. H. M. Tupper, President of Shaw University, colored, reports that there are now 200 students at the University and they are still coming in. Two departments, law and medicine, opened November 1. An extremely interesting feature of the University this term is the presence of many foreigners. There are three from the Congo Free State, in the heart of Africa. These are here at Dr. Tupper's charge. There is also one from the Gold Coast, which is in Africa; two from the Island of St. Christopher (more popularly known as St. Kitts); one from Dominica, one from Jamacia and one from British Guinea. The student from the Gold Coats is maintained by Rev. Dr. Lewis, an English Baptist missionary. Some of the other students are sent here by Moravians and some by Methodists. The students speak very good English. Some of them are well-informed, and one, who is a chief in the Congo country, is highly educated, and is a Latin and Greek scholar.

Quite Another Motive.

From the Washington Post.

The Mississippi Republicans, in withdrawing their candidates and leaving the field utterly to the Democrats, say that it is not fear that prompts them to do this We never should have supposed that it was fear. We should have taken it for granted that they were ruled solely by motives of economy, for we know how dreadfully expensive funerals have become.

Both Bulwark and Weapon.

From the St. Paul Pioneer Press.

We shall have less need to calculate the cost of an attack upon our seaboard when we have a fleet of dynamite cruisers which could not only blow an iron-lad out of the water, but, if disposed to retaliate, could ravage an enemy's coast as if a cyclone had swept over it.

No wonder a baby protests against such doses as people will give. Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup is the pleasantest and safest remedy known for infants.

A person often bears the charge of laziness when it is only a poorly acting liver or a wearied stomach which is the cause of his sluggishness. One thus suffering should use Laxador and be relieved. Price only 25 cents a package.

A Woman Caught in a Bear Trap.

Norfolk, Va., Oct. 26.—While prowling in the cornfield of John J. Spratt, near Deep Creek, in Norfolk county on Wednesday night a Gypsy woman got caught in a bear trap. The gun exploded and wounded the woman so badly that she died where she was shot, and her body was found by the farm hands Thursday morning lying beside the trap.

His Magnificent Record.

Chicago Journal.

Woodruff is a picturesque liar, an industrious liar, a continuous liar, a conscienceless liar, a liar of all hues, dyes and orders, a liar by choice and a liar by instinct.

STATE NEWS.

Pamlico Tribune: The cotton crop is exceedingly short in this county this year and it is coming in slow; not over one-third of a crop will be harvested, if even that.

Governor Fowle has been selected by the Presbyterian Synod of this State as a member of the Board of Regents for the new Presbyterian orphanage to be established. The first meeting of the Board will be held to-day.

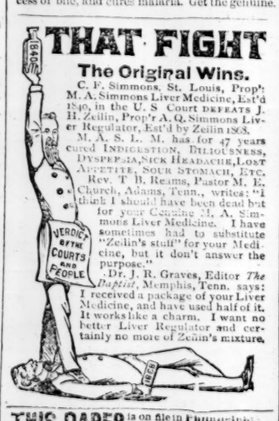
The fair of the colored Industrial Association was a perfect success. They held an annual meeting of the stockholders Friday evening and passed a resolution congratulating the officers for the faithful and judicious management of its affairs.

Goldsboro Argus: The latest freak of nature in these parts is a crop of raspberries, as large, ripe and luscious as those that come in season. There are two bushes of them and they are teeming with fruit. They are among the vines of Mr. W. I. Lane, and he says he intends to experiment with them to see if they cannot be made to bear two crops regularly every year.

A peculiar correspondence between the Governor and a man named James Glover, in Edgecombe county jail, has just closed. Glover was sentenced to two years' imprisonment a few weeks ago for an assault with a deadly weapon. He is a man of a restless and nervous temperament and the confinement almost crazed him. He wrote to the Governor, stating the case and asking relief in some way. The Executive wrote that he would change the sentence to hard labor, if he so desired Glover wrote and prayed for this change and at his request the Governor issued a commutation providing that the commissioners may work Glover on the public roads, provided it is done on his personal application.

Many Persons

Are broken down from overwork or household cares **Brown's Iron Bitters** rebuilds the system, aids digestion, removes excess of bile, and cures malaria. Get the genuine.



THAT FIGHT

The Original Wins.

C. F. Simmons, St. Louis, Prop'r M. A. Simmons Liver Medicine, Est'd 1840, in the U. S. Court DEFEATS J. H. Zeilin, Prop'r A. Q. Simmons Liver Regulator, Est'd by Zeilin 1868.

M. A. S. L. M. has for 47 years cured INDIGESTION, BILIOUSNESS, DYSPEPSIA, SICK HEADACHE, LOST APPETITE, SOUR STOMACH, ETC.

Rev. T. B. Reams, Pastor M. E. Church, Adams, Tenn., writes: "I think I should have been dead but for your Genuine M. A. Simmons Liver Medicine. I have sometimes had to substitute "Zeilin's stuff" for your Medicine, but it don't answer the purpose."

Dr. J. R. Graves, Editor *The Baptist*, Memphis, Tenn. says: I received a package of your Liver Medicine, and have used half of it. It works like a charm. I want no better Liver Regulator and certainly no more of Zeilin's mixture.

THIS PAPER is on file in Printers-Ink at the Newspaper Advertising Agency of Messrs. N. W. AYER & SON, our authorized agents.

Laxador An infallible regulator of the Human System. Cures Liver Complaint, Costiveness, Dyspepsia, Giddiness, &c. Sold by druggists. **Laxador** Cures Bilious Affections &c. **Laxador** Price 25 Cts.

The Leading Perfume.

DREXEL'S BELL COLOGNE

Fragrant! Lasting! PRICE 25 CENTS. AT ALL DEALERS.

Dr. BULL'S COUGH SYRUP

CURES COUGHS & COLDS FOR 25 C

SALVATION OIL

Price only 25 cts. Sold by all druggists.

Will relieve Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Swellings, Bruises, Lumbago, Sprains, Headache, Toothache, Sores, Burns, Wounds, Cuts, Scalds, Backache, Gout, or any bodily pain or ailment.

CHEW LANGE'S PLUGS. The Great Tobacco Antidote!—Price 10 Cts. At all druggists.

HELP IN TIME OF NEED.

When a man is drowning he will grasp at straws, but straws will not save him. Extend to him a life-boat and his rescue is certain.

Mr. James A. Greer, of Athens, Ga., (endorsed by the editor of the Athens Banner-Watchman) makes the following statement:

"I am first cousin of the late Ex-Governor Alexander H. Stephens, and have been postal clerk on different railroads since 1868. For ten years I have been a sufferer from a cancer on my face, which grew worse until the discharge of matter became profuse and very offensive. I became thoroughly disgusted with blood purifiers and pronounced them humbugs, as I had tried many without relief.

CANCER

Finally I was induced to use Botanic Blood Balm, (B. B. B.) The offensive discharge decreased at once and the hardness disappeared. It became less and less in size until nothing remains except a scar I gained flesh and strength, and all who have seen me bear testimony. I cannot say too much in its praise."

A. H. Morris, Pine Bluff, Ark., writes:

"Hot Springs failed entirely to cure me of several terrible, indolent running ulcers on my legs, with which I have been troubled for many years. Several doctors also attempted to cure me but failed. I

HOT SPRINGS

bottles of B. B. B., (made in Atlanta, Ga.) and the effect has been truly magical, as they have all healed and I am cured after everything failed. My general health is also improving, appetite and digestion good. I sleep soundly, and never felt better. Doctors told me that I could not be cured.

I refer to every merchant or professional man of Pine Bluff.

☞ Any one interested who desires to know more about the wonderful merit of B. B. B., will please send address to Blood Balm Co., Atlanta, Ga., for their illustrated "Book of Wonders." (2)

VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE

I offer the following property at private sale: A large two-story dwelling house, with 5 good rooms, with good cook room and dairy attached, with a neat yard and good garden, barn, stables and buggy house; also a new store house, two wells of water and one acre of land.

This property is situated in the village of Nixonton, in Pasquotank county, N. C., on a broad navigable sheet of water and only six miles from Albemarle Sound. There is an Academy and postoffice in the village and three churches near. A good opening for a Doctor or Merchant, or both. Price $800 : $500 in cash and balance in one and two years.

W. A. PRICE.

Nixonton, N. C., Sept. 18, '89.

NOTICE.

In pursuance of a judgement of the Superior Court of Dare County, at Spring term, 1889, I shall, on Tuesday, November 5th, at Manteo, Dare county, offer for sale the farm on Roanoke Island on which Jos. W. Etheridge formerly lived, adjoining the lands of B. F. Meekins, Willington Ward and others, containing 175 acres more or less.

Also at the same time and place the Fishery at Little Haul Over on Croatan Sound, formerly occupied and fished by J. W. Etheridge.

Two hundred dollars in cash will be required on the first. The remainder at one and two years credit on note with interest from date, the title retained until the purchase money is paid in full.

J. W. ALBERTSON,
Trustee.

September 18, 1889

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

The undersigned have entered into partnership to carry on the UNDERTAKER'S Business at this place as the successors of the late John H. Ziegler, and at the old stand. In accordance with the wish of the said deceased, expressed in his last will and testament, the business will be conducted in the name of "JOHN H. ZIEGLER" as heretofore.

We will endeavor to serve the public in our line of business upon the same principles of fairness and honesty as were always observed and acted upon by our honored predecessor.

☞ A full supply of Metalic Coses, Cloth Covered and Wooden Caskets kept on hand

March 6, 1889.

CHRISTINA ZIEGLER,
FRED H. ZIEGLER.

IT'S TIME

You began to think of your Fall Trading Friend, and when you think of that, you can think of

Moses Weisel's Stock,

which offers everything in the choice of Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots, Shoes, Hats etc., that can delight the eye or please the heart of the buyer,

MOSES WEISEL'S QUOTATIONS

Are the lowest that can be made on all kinds of goods, the lowest prices are promised to every buyer, and I will see that the promise holds good. If you are wise

YOU WON'T LOSE A MINUTE,

But hustle right off and get the pick of the New Goods that are offered at

MOSES WEISEL'S,

Corner Main & Water sts, Elizabeth City

FULL WEIGHT PURE **DREW'S YEAST POWDER**

Superior to all Substitutes For raising and making Light, Digestible Biscuits, Bread, Tea Cake, Pies, Muffins, Waffles, Johnny Cake, Corn Bread, Short Cake, Pot Pies, Dumplings, Boiled Puddings and Buckwheat. ½ pound cans 5 cents. Sold by Country Merchants. Drew Manufacturing Co., BALTIMORE, Md.

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In Fresh Fish, Lobsters,

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And Dealers in Fish,

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Consignments of North Carolina Herring solicited, and proceeds remitted in cash On account of our intimate acquaintance, and frequent transactions with the Grocery trade of the West and South we are able to handle North Carolina Fish to the very best possible advantage, and we are known everywhere as the largest distributors in his market.



A VOICE from Ohio. Here is a portrait of Mr. Garrison, of Salem, Ohio. He writes: "When at work on a farm for $20 a month; I now have an agency for C. Allen & Co.'s chromo and publications and often make $20 a day." (Signed) W. H. GARRISON.

William Kline, Harrisburg, Pa., writes: "I have never known anything to sell like your album. Yesterday I took orders enough to pay for over $25." W. J. Elmore, Bangor, Me., writes, "I take an order for your album at nearly every house I visit. My profits often as much as $20 for a single day's work. Others are doing quite as well. We have not space to give extracts from their letters. Every one who takes hold of this grand business pays us good profits. **Shall we start YOU in this business,** reader? Write to us and learn all about it for yourself. We are starting many; we will start you if you don't delay until another gets ahead of you in some part of the country. If you take hold you will be able to pick up gold fast. Our **$2 one-dollar Photograph Albums** are to be sold to the people for $2 each. Bound in Royal Crimson Silk Velvet Plush. Charmingly decorated inside. Handsomest albums in the world. Largest Size. Greatest bargains ever known. Agents wanted. Liberal terms. Big money for agents. Any one can become a successful agent. Sells itself on sight—little or no talking necessary. Wherever shown, every one wants to purchase. Agents take thousands of orders with rapidity never before known. Great profits await every worker. Agents are making fortunes. Ladies make as much as men. You, reader, can do as well as any one. Full information and terms **Free**, to those who write for same, with particulars and terms for our Family Bibles, Books and Prospectuses. After you know all, should you conclude to go no further, why no harm is done. Address L. C. ALLEN & CO., AUGUSTA, MAINE.

Neuralgic Persons

And those troubled with nervousness resulting from care or overwork will be relieved by taking *Brown's Iron Bitters.* Genuine has trade mark and crossed red lines on wrapper.

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Dress Goods

and

Clothing!

Ever Brought to Elizabeth City

The Stock is complete in every way, comprising of CLOTHING, DRESS GOODS, VELVETS, CASIMERES NOTIONS, BOOTS, SHOES, etc., all of which are guaranteed at the

Very Lowest Prices.

His ready made garments are equal to the best custom made, and perfect fits are made in all cases.

A FINE ASSORTMENT OF GENTS FURNISINGGOODS,

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ICE AND COAL!

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continue to supply ICE both in large and small quantities.

We are now receiving our supply of COAL, and will fill all orders promptly.

All coal is screened before leaving the yard. None but the best handled, and LOWEST PRICES guaranteed.

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COMMISSION DEALER

In Fruit Produce, Fish, Oysters, Terrapin, Poultry, Eggs, game &c. In Ssason

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FOOT OF DOCK STREET

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Consignments solicited. Returns made promptly.

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Marble and Slate Mantels, Wainscoting Encaustic and Marble Tiling, Furniture & Counter Slabs, Etc., Etc.

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Send model, drawing or photo., with description. We advise if patentable or not free of charge. Our fee not due until patent is secured.

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—o—

We offer the best COTTON GILL NETS, we are capable of making with our long experience for 1890, and ask patrons to send in their kind orders as early as possible, so we can have time to carefully prepare them. Will deliver at time wanted.

WILLIAM STOWE,

Gloucester Net & Twine Co.,

may 8-6m. BOSTON

J. H. HARRIS,

— WITH —

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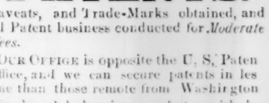
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FISH DEALERS

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When I say CURE I do not mean merely to stop them for a time, and then have them return again. I MEAN A RADICAL CURE.

I have made the disease of

FITS, EPILEPSY or FALLING SICKNESS,

A life-long study. I WARRANT my remedy to CURE the worst cases. Because others have failed is no reason for not now receiving a cure. Send at once for a treatise and a FREE BOTTLE of my INFALLIBLE REMEDY. Give Express and Post Office. It costs you nothing for a trial, and it will cure you. Address

H. G. ROOT, M.C., 183 PEARL ST., NEW YORK

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THE ONLY

ABSOLUTELY INDELIBLE

★ INK

"THE ETHIOPIAN CAN NOT CHANGE HIS SKIN NOR THE LEOPARD HIS SPOTS."

MARKING DONE WITH THIS INK IS EQUALLY UNCHANGEABLE.

CAN NOT BE REMOVED WITHOUT DESTROYING THE FABRIC.

NO HOT IRON OR SUNLIGHT REQUIRED. CAN BE USED WITH STAMP OR PEN.

RETAIL PRICE, 25c.

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PEERLESS DYES

ARE THE BEST FOR BLACK STOCKINGS

FINE COLORS THAT NEITHER SMUT WASH OUT NOR FADE

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PEERLESS DYES

40 Colors

SOLD BY DRUGGISTS

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—MADE FROM FLOWERS IN THE—

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DOUSSAN'S

Sweet South

In 1 oz. Sprinkler-Top Bottles,

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ALSO OUR EXTRA FINE SPECIALTIES.

LYS DES INCAS! SPRING MIST!
LUNEAS! NEVADA!
IMPERIAL PINK!
ROUSSEL ROSE
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All 50 cents per bottle. PICCIOLA!

The most delicate and most lasting odors made. Our trade-mark patented on every label.

"Delicate as a cobweb, Lasting as the hills."

☞ If your druggist don't keep them send amount to us and we will forward prepaid.

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EXCELS ALL.

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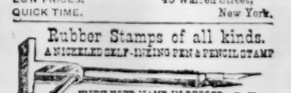
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N. C. Hamilton & Co., Publishers, 392 Superior Street, Cleveland, O.

$98 Sewing-Machine To all once established in trade in all parts, by introducing our machines and goods where the people can see them, we will send **Free** to one person in each locality, the very best sewing-machine made in the world, with all the attachments. We will also send **Free** a complete line of our costly and valuable art samples. In return we ask that you show what we send, to those who may call, at your home, and after 3 months all shall become your own property. This grand machine is made after the **Singer** patents, which have run out before patents run out it sold for $80. with the attachments, and now sells for $50. Best, strongest, most useful machine in the world. All is new. No capital required. Plain, brief instructions given. Those who write to us at once can secure **free** the best sewing-machine in the world, and the finest line of works of high art ever shown together in America. TRUE & CO., Box 740, Augusta, Maine.



THIS PAPER may be found on file at Geo. P. Rowell & Co's Newspaper Advertising Bureau (10 Spruce St.), where advertising can be done for it IN NEW YORK.

A REMOVAL!

I have lately moved my entire stock from my old store on Fearing Street, head of Water Street, to the

Robinson Building

on east side Water St., formerly occupied by Sam Sherrick as a boot and shoe store, where I shall continue to carry

A Larger Stock

Of Dry Goods, Notions, Clothing, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, &c., &c.,

than any House in Town, and expect to offer them

VERY LOW FOR SPOT CASH

I intend to continue to be

The Leader Of Low Prices in

THIS CITY.

I think my old friends will remember me in the future as they have in the past, as I shall always do my very best to give them

Honest Goods For HONEST MONEY.

H. WEISEL,

WATER STREET

ELIZABETH CITY N. C.

The North Carolinian.

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 6, 1889.

Be sure and go to the Fair.

Go to-day and see the Fire Company parade and the Knights ride.

One of the best kept Hotels in Eastern North Carolina is the "Woodard House" at Edenton.

Dare Court at Manteo this week. The Judge and lawyers went down on the Lizzie Burrus Monday night.

Elizabeth City sent a large delegation to the Edenton Fair last week. What will Edenton do for the Elizabeth City Fair this week?

Don't fail to go to-morrow and see the Pasquotank Rifles, the finest military company in the State, parade; also the crowning of the Queen of Love and Beauty, and the big horse race.

Elizabeth City continues on the road of progress. It is steadily and healthily growing. More new buildings have been erected this year than during any previous season, and still others, some of them large and stately ones, are on the way. The outlook is bright.

The Annual Virginia Conference of the M. E. Church South will be held at Richmond commencing next Wednesday. Rev. Mr. Wilson will preach his last sermon here next Sunday night and will leave next Tuesday morning for that place accompanied by Rev. J. G. Lennon. They are both able preachers.

Capt, Charles Edwards, of the wrecked schooner Annie E. Blakeman, reported at the Customs office on the 31st ult. The schooner was bound from Philadelphia to Jacksonville with a cargo of coal and was overtaken by the storm about 75 miles south of Body Island Light and was capsized on the early morning of the 25th ult. The crew consisted of 7 men, all of whom were lost except himself, who, with the aid of a cork jacket, swam ashore in New Inlet. He was kindly cared for by the Station men, of whom he speaks in high terms of praise. He left for Philadelphi on the Friday morning train.

Last Thursday night was the night of omens—Halloween, and it was celebrated by a party of young people at the house of Miss John with all befitting mirth and all the old traditional fireside reveleries. They ducked for apples, crac ked nuts, told fortunes and promptly at midnight the "ghost" or witch (who is supposed to walk abroad with other mischief makers on baneful errands Halloween night) appeared to the company in so horrible a form that its appertition has no doubt since haunted the dreams of the beholders. A bountiful collation, provided by the gentlemen of the party, was then served. Messrs. Parmalee and Olds were the originators of the party and the well posted leaders of all the games, ably assisted by Messrs. Cam Melick and Ed. Underwood.

With many others from Elizabeth City, the editor of the CAROLINIAN attended the Edenton Fair last week, and it was a day pleasantly and profitably spent. The grounds are well located, the track is a good one and the building a magnificent one—all a credit to the town and the people. Inde ed, the latter entered into the enterprise with spirit, each one doing something to swell the exhibits and add to the attractions, and by the united effort they made the Fair a grand success. One of the distinctive features and especially interesting to us, was the collection of old books, manuscripts, colonial records and rare relics of "ye olden time." Had time permitted we could have an entire day in "taking them in." The Fair managers may justly feel proud of the result of their first effort.

The Elizabeth City Fair opened auspiciously. Never before in the history of this Fair have so many entries been made so early. The Exhibition Hall was quite full early this morning when this report closed and the exhibits were very fine and attractive. The crowd was larger than usual for the first day of a Fair, and everybody seemed pleased with the many improvements that have been made since the last one. The Grand Stand is not only large and comfortable but is in the right place to see the start and finish of every race. The Spelling Match came off at the advertised time and was very interesting. The following were the successful ones: Ada Melick, Lucy Bell, Virginia Banks, George Jordan, Jason Moody and Gaston Bell. In the running race Minnie, of Camden, won, and in the trotting race "Tom Skinner" took the first money. Both races were exciting The Tournament to-day will be a special feature, and some fast horses are entered for the races. To-morrow the crowning of the Queen will take place, and "Big Jim" and other famous horses will contend for the $250 purse. Full particulars in next week's CAROLINIAN.

The official relations of the editor of the CAROLINIAN with the Fair being such as to require a large part of his attention on the grounds he asks his many friends who come to the City this week to call and see him there. He will be glad to greet them all.

——See Fowler & Co's lap robes, large assortment and prices to suit.

The best thing a man can do is to pay his debts.

——Two nice, airy front rooms in the 2nd story of the CAROLINIAN Building for rent.

Learn the brick mason's trade if you wish an occupation in which you can lay up something.

——Dry goods, boots and shoes at Fowler & Co's. Largest stock and lowest prices. Call and examine.

Never forget that those who are honest and earnest in their honesty have no need to proclaim the fact.

——Examine Moses Weisel's stock of Parasols and Umbrellas before buying

The more home industries there are in successful operation, the better for the place where they are located.

——Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs and Window Shades just opened at Melick's

Rubbing a bruise in sweet oil and then in spirits of turpentine will usually prevent the unsightly black-and-blue spots.

——Two second hand Sitting Room Stoves for sale, very cheap. Call at this office.

It is said the potato rot has been effectually checked by putting the tubers on a slatted platform and drenching them with water.

——A double-seated, second hand carriage, for either one of two horses, for sale at a nominal price. Call at this office.

It costs no more to feed good stock than poor, and it is no more expense to handle good manure than poor, hence care should be taken to have the best.

——Carpets and Oil Cloths to suit YOU as Melick's.

——See the childs, misses and ladies jacks and wraps at Fewler & Co's. Prices to suit.

Somebody has said that "marriage is a failure." It may be so, but, like the Irishman's reputation, that impression does not seem to have "got out much around."

——FOR SALE: A Crimping machine, with brass-lined jaws, for shoemakers. Good as new. Its first cost was $18. Will be sold very cheap. Call at the shop of T. P. White near Poindexter Creek Bridge.

To the question of "Inquirer," the CAROLINIAN answers: Trees have different ages. The average natural age of the oak is about 1,500 years; of the elm 500; the maple 800; the cedar 800; the cypress 350; the linden 1,200, and the yew 2,500.

——There was a young woman named Fleet who had bunions all over her feet When she heard the glad news of well fittin shoes, she tumbled right off of her seat. Shoes for all at Moses Weisel's

——WANTED:—A lady to teach in a private family, English, Latin or French and Music. Address J. Harrison, Jarvisburg, N. C,

There is nothing on the farm that can be neglected with so great loss, as a rule, as the young stock. The colts, pigs, calves, lambs, etc.' need proper food in the right quantity and in a manner that each separate one shall have just the rations designed for it. The weaker ones should always be fed apart from those of stronger growth.

—— Wise men follow the star that lead to Moses Weisels store.

A VOLUNTARY TESTIMONIAL.

Jarvisburg, Currituck Co. N. C., Oct. 15th, 1889, Messrs. Robinson & Co.,

Gentlemen —The No. 8 "New Lee" Cooking Stove shipped last week came safe to hand Friday. We put it up and went to work on Saturday and found it A 1. Mrs. Forbes and myself are well pleased. We think nothing in the shape of a stove ever cooked or worked nicer, and that there is a great saving in wood which would soon pay for the stove, It surely cooks with less wood than any stove we have ever had or have seen, and if the "New Lee" needs any recommendation you can refer to Mrs M. D. Forbes, sister of Ex-Gov. Jarvis and she will be glad to give it. Yours very respectfully

A. J. FORBES.

The CAROLINIAN is asked:"What proportion of the farms of the United States are cultivated by tenants, and what States have the largest and smallest proportion of tenantry?" The census of 1880 showed that 74 per cent of the farms of this country were cultivated by their owners, and 26 per cent by tenants, All the farms in the Southern States were largely cultivated by tenants, in South Carolina more than one half the land being in charge of tenants. In Maine only 5 per cent of farms were cultivated by tenants, and in Minnesota 9 per cent.

CONSUMPTION SURELY CURED.

To the Editor—Please inform your readers that I have a positive remedy for the above named disease. By its timely use thousands of hopeless cases have been permanently cured. I shall be glad to send two bottles of my medicine FREE to any of your readers who have consumption if they will send me their express and postoffice address. Respectfully, T. A. Slocum, M. C. 181 Pearl St., New York.

LOCAL MENTION

The CAROLINIAN has long been urging better lighted streets. At last we are going to have them. Next, better sidewalks and good sewerage.—A hundred or more of our people "took in" Edenton Fair on Thursday.—Jesse Coleman, a colored brakesman, by a careless movement after coupling the cars had his right leg fractured below the knee at the Depot a few nights ago.—Capt. Thos. M. Gard has sold his sloop, the Thomas G. Hunt, to Capt. Henry Covert, of Edenton.—All our mills and factories are very busy, some of them obliged to run over time.—The new dog law went into effect on the 1st inst. Those failing to secure license must risk the consequences.—Miss Mollie Ziegler left on Saturday to spend some time with her sister at Portsmouth, Va.—The new pulpit of the Methodist Church has been put in place, and was used Sunday morning and night.—The grand Tournament comes off on the Fair Grounds at 11 o'clock to-day. The contest will be a lively one. Col. L. D. Stark, of Norfolk, delivers the address to the Knights.—The CAROLINIAN is sorry to learn that because of failing health, Rev. E. P. Wilson, the eloquent Pastor of the Methodist Church, contemplates retiring from the active work of the ministry. He is one of the ablest preachers in the Conference.—It is reported that oysters are "going up." Well, really, they taste rather better going down.—The work on Flora's big store has reached the second story.—The merchants are asked and expected to close their stores from 10 o'clock a. m. to 3:30 p. m. to-day and to-morrow to give their clerks the privilege to attend the Fair.—An upper story is being added to the colored school building. Elisha Overton is doing the work.—Several of our lawyers are at Dare Court.—The Edenton Band will be at the Fair on Thursday. They will be the guests of the Elizabeth City Band.—Mr. S. Modlin has moved his grocery store to the Seeley building on Poindexter street, and the store vacated by him will be occupied by Mr. Geo. W. Brothers.—The ladies of the Baptist Church will have a feast at the Reform Club rooms to-night and to-morrow night. Let everybody go and aid them in their good work. The proceeds for the new Baptist Church.—Miss Florence Perkins, of Washington, and Miss Cora Mitchell, of Edenton, are in the city the guests of Miss Mattie Guirkin.—Go to the Fair and after you get there order your dinner at the Restaurant of the ladies of the Episcopal Church. You will be pleased with your dinner.—Our hackmen are all busy this week. If you want to go to the Fair, just call "Lige" Williams or Copper and they will be pleased to take you there.—Mr. R. Koch, the baker, and Miss Minnie Cohn were married Sunday, Rev. Mr. Thomas officiating.

Mrs. Jones, how is your health this morning? Thank you, madam, much improved. I bought a bottle of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup last night and after the first dose my cough was checked, I slept well, and have not coughed once this morning,

Accidents will occur not only "in the best regulated families," but everywhere and at all times. Therefore keep Salvation Oil convenient

LITERARY NOTICES.

WHAT CAUSES PANICS:—A remarkable paper on "Financial Panics, their Cause and Cure" is the leading editorial contribution in Frank Leslie's Illustrated Newspaper this week. It is from the pen of General Spinner, the veteran former Treasurer of the United States. The advantages of St Louis as a site for the World's Fair are pictured. An exciting game of football forms the first page, and Mrs. Edith May Randolph is the "society lady" of New York who is shown in all her beauty.

The November ECLECTIC has a number of excellent articles, some of them being of much current significance. "The Progress of Co-operation," by George Jacob Holyoake and M Millerand tells us the latest facts about a most important movement in labor reform, and discusses the question with high intelligence. "Russian Characteristics" is the first of a series of papers, which promise to be full of interest and instruction. The first deals in a most pungent way with the habit of unveracity and hypocracy, which is a national dry-rot. There can be but little doubt that these singularly fresh papers will be in many ways illumnating. Those interested in the religious life of the great Catholic orders will find suggestive reading in "A glimpse into a Jesuit Novitiate" by M. D. Dziewicki, which seems to be a truthful study from personal experience. W. S. Lilly gives us a vigorous and thoughtful paper cast in the form of a dialogue, entitled "In Search of a Religion," which is one of great interest. Mr. Graham Sandberg's visit to the mysterious city of Lhasa the religious Mecca of Buddhism in Central Asia, is a fascinating record of travel. An anticle, supposed to have been written by Mr. Gladstone treats the relations of Italy in the Tripartite Alliance in a way which foreshadows the Liberal policy when the English Home Rule power gets into power. This article has made a great sensation in Europe. The paper on "Eastern Women" by Horace Victor is very entertaining. The Maggzine has many short papers, sketches, poems, etc, of superior worth, which lend variety to its contents.

A Scrap of Paper Saves Her Life

It was just an ordinary scrap of writing paper, but it saved her life. She was in the last stages of consumption, told by physicians that she was incurable and could live only a short time; she weighed less than seventy pounds. On a piece of wrapping paper she read of Dr. King's New Discovery, and got a sample bottle; it helped her, she bought a large bottle, it helped her more, bought another and grew better fast continued its use and is now strong, healthy, rosy, plump, weighing 140 pounds. For fuller particulars send stamp to W. H. Cole, Druggists, Ft. Smith. Trial bottles of this wonderful discovery free at A. Wadsworth's drug store.

Pawn Broker—Pledges.

Second hand Clothing from Philadelphia for sale.

These goods consists of Overcoats, Coats Pants, Vests, Childrens' Clothing, &c., all of which will be sold very low.

Come and examine my stock at my store on Fearing street, near Water, as I shall only remain a short time. Great bargains in these goods.

F. PRUSCHANSKIN.

LADIES

Needing a tonic, or children that want building up, should take

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS.

It is pleasant to take, cures Malaria, Indigestion, and Biliousness. All dealers keep it.

WANTED SALESMEN. We want a few more reliable and energetic men to handle our wonderful book. Nearly 500,000 sold to date. One man sells 30 copies in a single day, another 120 in a week. A rare chance to secure a permanent, paying position.

Address us at once, stating age, occupation, and reference.

J. A. WILMORE & CO., Publishers
43 & 45 Centre Street,
july 17-2m New York

Elizabeth City Academy.

Fall Session Opens

September, 16th, 1889.

Full corps of Teachers—all specialists. Thoroughness in our work assured, New Building, new Pianos and Organs.

Expenses for term of 38 weeks, including Tuition, Board, Lodging and Washing. will be:

In Primary Grade,	$100.
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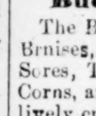
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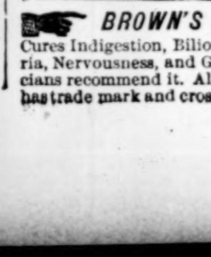
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The Accommodation daily, except Saturdays and Sundays, leaves at 6:45 A. M, and returning, arrives at 8:20 P. M.

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Close connections at Norfolk with all Rail and Steamer lines.

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Rafts secured with chains must not be over 14 feet wide; secured with binder, not over 12 feet wide. They must be well secured to the satisfaction to the Canal authorities.

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—HOTELS.—

New Albemarle House,

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TERMS: $2. & $2.50 Per Day

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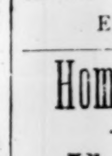
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New Furniture, New Servants and everything First-Class.

Free Hack to and from the Depot to Passengers stopping at the Hotel.

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BOOT & SHOEMAKER,

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Without any flourish of trumpet we do more every day, as a matter of course, than those who advertise their doing in circus fashion as "extraordinary and unparalleled." We offer you the ordinary, every day bargains that are more remarkable than the extraordinary sacrifices for "a few days only," Try us

WE ARE JOGGING ON

In the old, steady way; we don't stop to dally by the wayside; we don't try to run up and roll down; we just keep going at a popular pace, always moving, always gaining, but never puffing in exhaustation.

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In the race for business and the more he puffs the worse off he is. Have you heard any played out prestidigitating purveyor of goods puffing in the race? Does he say he finds it to run up hill? It is so easy and invigorating. Let him puff, we shall continue to do business on the steady travel basis. If you ain't blind you will see that we keep the largest stock in town of Groceries, Hardware, Stoves, Crockery, Glassware, Rope, Twine, Paints, Oil, Lime, Cement, &C.

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Water Street, Elizabeth City, N. C.

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But it is not necessary to come to the store to enjoy this privilege. You can order whatever you wish and know that you are paying the very lowest price for what you get.

Tobacco and Snuff at Factory Prices. Agent for Dupont's Powder.

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FURNITURE, WARES AND STATIONREY

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Also *BIBLES, SCHOOL BOOKS, POETS AND NOVELS at New York Prices. Albums, Sunday School Supplies and all kinds of Stationery very low. If you want to save money call and see me.*

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HEALTH WAISTS, UNION UNDERGARMENTS, SKIRT SUSPENDERS, STOCKING SUPPORTERS.

All sorts of Healthful Garments, at reasonable prices.

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For all classes of invalids. Genuine in quality, and reasonable in price.

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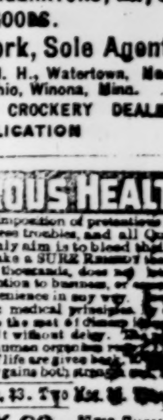
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WITH OR WITHOUT RESERVOIR, HIGH SHELF OR WATER-BACK.

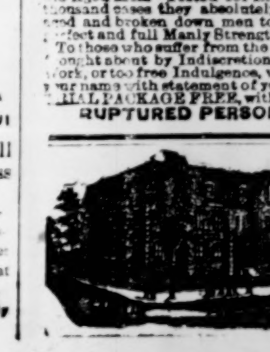
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TRIAL PACKAGE. PROF. HARRIS' SEMINAL PASTILLES. A Radical Cure for Nervous Debility, Organic Weakness and Physical Decay in Young or Middle Aged Men. Tested for Eight Years in many thousand cases they absolutely restore prematurely aged and broken down men to the full enjoyment of perfect and full Manly Strength and Vigorous Health. To those who suffer from the many obscure diseases brought about by Indiscretion, Exposure, Over-Brain work, or too free Indulgence, we ask that you send us your name with statement of your trouble, and secure a TRIAL PACKAGE FREE, with Illust'd Pamphlet &c.

CURE FOR NERVOUS DEBILITY. TRADE MARK.

Avoid the imposition of pretentious remedies for these troubles, and all Quacks, whose only aim is to bleed their victims. Take a SURE REMEDY that has CURED thousands, does not interfere with attention to business, or cause pain or inconvenience in any way. Founded on scientific medical principles. By direct application to the seat of disease its specific influence is felt without delay. The natural functions of the human organism is restored. The wasted animating elements of life are given back, and the patient becomes cheerful and rapidly gains both strength and vigor.

TREATMENT.—One Month, $3. Two Months, $5. Three, $7.

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RUPTURED PERSONS can have FREE Trial of our Appliance. Ask for Terms!



NORFOLK COLLEGE FOR YOUNG LADIES.

Largest, CHEAPEST and Best equipped school in tide-water Virginia. Two hundred and [illegible] students in attendance last session. Home comforts; moral training; personal care; location and climate delightful. *Board and Tuition* [illegible] *per Quarter.* Write for catalogue giving full information. [illegible]

A WRECK IN MID AIR.

Workmen Killed and Injured by a Peculiar Accident.

A Car Load of Granite Falls With Shocking Results.

The great cable used for transporting granite blocks overhead across a gulch at the Sodom Dam on the new Croton Aqueduct in New York broke under the strain of a heavy load. The accident occurred over the heads of a gang of thirty or forty Italian laborers, and the terrified men were in flight when the great mass of stone and iron was descending to the ground. Two, however, were caught and crushed to death, their remains being unrecognizable as human bodies, and six of their companions were injured, some fatally, by flying pieces of granite and wood.

The Sodom Dam is about two miles east of Brewsters, in the village of Sodom. It is designed to be a storage reservoir for New York city, and the water is to cover 1500 acres—by far the largest reservoir in that section of the country. The valley in which the dam is situated is bounded on each side by lofty hills. The dam is to be of granite, 125 feet in height, sixty feet wide at the top and 150 feet wide at the bottom.

Across the valley immediately above the stone work was stretched the cable of wire, four inches in diameter. It ran over towers on either side and was buried deep in the hillside with the best of anchorage. It had been in use since the work began, and was originally capable of bearing a weight of ten tons. A swinging car was arranged to run out across the cable from either side. This car was used to transport building material—granite, cement, tools, etc.—but the workmen were never allowed to ride in it. By means of a guy rope a catch could be thrown off and the car lowered to any part of the work.

A car was sent from the west side loaded with two huge blocks of granite weighing two and a half tons each. It ran as usual until over the place at which a gang of thirty or forty Italians were at work laying the stone.

As the car neared the men the crowd of spectators on the west side began to shout, having noticed that the strands of the cable were parting. Those near the work were alarmed and took up the shout. The workmen attempted to escape, but the car was by this time over them and was descending with lightning speed.

There was a scattering for dear life and many succeeded in escaping the falling mass, which a moment later crashed upon the stone-work. The great blocks of granite were splintered and the fragments flew in all directions.

A cry of horror went up from the crowd as they saw two of the unfortunate workmen, paralyzed with fear, throw themselves flat on the ground. A second afterward a horrible shower of blood, brains and splintered bones was thrown out, but the sight was mercifully almost hidden by the great clouds of dust. Rocks were thrown among the companions of the unfortunate men and a number of them, with several of the onlookers who stood fifty yards away, fell bleeding. The broken cable squirmed like a thing of life, and several men were struck by it and knocked senseless.

As soon as the dust cleared away the terrified workmen approached the place. They were horrified at the spectacle. Blood was oozing from underneath the car. Derricks were procured and the mass of stone was lifted. When the car was hauled off the bodies were found to be crushed beyond all resemblance to human beings. They were left as they lay, and the wounded were removed to temporary quarters.

ATE TWO MEN.

A Revolting Tale of Cannibalism at Sea.

Carl Graves, fireman, and Ludwig Loder, seaman, two survivors of the crew of the steamship Earnmoor, who have reached Baltimore, tell a story, horrible in its details, of the way they sustained life by cannibalism for days. Loder said:

"The only food we had for the first fifteen days in the boat was a flying fish and a few raw small seabirds divided among eleven men. On the sixteenth day out William Davis, a seaman, caught me by the throat, and made a dash at my head with a knife. He cut me on the right cheek, the scar from which still remains as you will see.

"He was told to attack me by August Plagge, a fireman. When Davis began to cut me some of my companions caught him, but others shouted: 'Kill him! kill him! We want something to eat—we are starving!' It seems that Plagge, Davis and others in one end of the boat had decided that I should die, as, being pretty fat, I looked inviting. Plagge was placed on watch that night, but he was missing next morning. No one saw him go overboard.

"On the seventeenth day William Robinson lay down to sleep. When they tried to call him they found him dead. It was determined to eat his flesh, and William Wright, the cook, was ordered to carve the body."

Loder continuing, told how the flesh of the dead seamen was partaken of by the rest of the crew, and how Third Engineer Hunt, who died two days after Robinson's death, was also cut up for food.

A FEUD ENDS IN A BATTLE.

Two Men Killed and Several Wounded in Iowa.

A feud of twenty years' duration has been settled near New Hampton, Iowa, by a general battle, in which two men were killed and several others wounded. Thomas Doud, his two sons, Peter McKenna and a number of other farmers met at the farm of Albert Smith to assist him in a barn raising. A feud has existed for twenty years between the Doud and McKenna families, who occupy adjoining farms. All the neighbors have taken sides one way or the other, and the men who met were armed to the teeth and prepared for any emergency which might arise. They worked together quietly until 3 o'clock in the afternoon, when a dispute arose. Hot words passed, when without a moment's warning Thomas Doud drew his revolver and fired at McKenna, who was standing ten feet away. McKenna was hit in the forehead, and the top of his head was blown off. As he fell a man named Mulvihil, a friend of McKenna's, shot Doud through the lungs.

Then the battle became general. A posse of officers was sent out from New Hampton, and Doud's two sons and Mulvihil were brought into the town and locked up.

NEWSY GLEANINGS.

It is proposed to build an Eiffel Tower 1250 feet high in London.

The population of Switzerland, as per last year's census, is 3,000,000.

The Czar of Russia has had an iron clad train constructed for himself.

Iowa boasts a corn crop of 336,000,000 bushels, valued at $75,000,000.

The population of Berlin, Germany, has now reached a million and a half.

There are 1600 central electric light stations in various parts of this country.

During the last eight months about 65,000 Germans have emigrated to America.

The Secretary of the Navy has concluded to give the cruiser Baltimore another trial.

An Indian hunter of the Fond du Lac reservation, Wa Me Quanee, has just died at the age of 101.

M. Peretti, a Frenchman, has written a book of 500 pages to prove that Columbus was a Corsican.

About 3,125,000 pounds of wool are exported every year from south and southwestern Persia.

The German steamer Marco Brunner, which was recently wrecked on the Red Sea, was looted by Arabs.

A committee has been formed to consider the question of digging a ship canal to connect Berlin with the Baltic Sea.

The railway trains of twenty-four cars each came lately fully laden with raisins from Fresno County, Cal. The trade is growing rapidly.

Henry Labouchere, editor of London *Truth*, is pointed out as the probable successor of Mr. Gladstone in the leadership of the English Liberals.

The statement that the music and words of the German national hymn are of French origin has created a great stir among patriotic Germans.

In compliance with a request of the Hawaiian Government, the local government of Kanagawa, Japan, will soon dispatch 2000 emigrants to the Sandwich Islands.

The fastest passage from England to Capetown, South Africa, has just been made in what, with allowance for unavoidable delays, amounts to seventeen days and thirteen hours.

A second Christine Nilsson has appeared, who is also a Norwegian and a singer. While not comparable as yet to her famous namesake, she is said to possess a remarkable voice, which in many respects resembles that of Lucca.

THE NEWS EPITOMIZED.

Eastern and Middle States.

The round house and machine and repair shops of the Pittsburg and Castle Shannon Railway, at Castle Shannon, Penn., have been burned.

The World's Fair subscription books were opened in New York city and $250,000 was subscribed by Cornelius Vanderbilt, the New York Central and the Wagner Palace Car Company.

Jessie Truitt and Maggie Camack, ages respectively twenty-five and twenty-two years, of South Chester borough, Penn., were run over by a railroad train and killed.

Mamie, the three-year-old daughter of Henry Matthews, of Orange, N. J., was burned to death by her clothing catching fire from the stove.

The Protestant Episcopal General Convention, at New York city, adjourned after taking action on the race problem and passing the proportionate representation question on to the convention of 1892.

Three thousand delegates attended the Christian Endeavor Union of Connecticut, at New Haven.

Fire destroyed much of the business portion of Port Leyden, N. Y., entailing a loss of $135,000.

The National Association of Collegiate Alumnae began its annual session at Buffalo, N. Y.

Joseph S. Bonney, aged sixty-two years, a well-known inventor, who for thirty years had lived in Lawrence, Mass., committed suicide by shooting himself through the heart.

The Rev. Dr. Talmage preached his farewell sermon at the Academy of Music, Brooklyn, before setting out for the Holy Land.

Boston held its centennial of Washington's visit to that city in 1789 and inaugurated a movement to restore the grave of Mary Washington.

The principal portion of the town of Stonoboro, Penn., has been destroyed by fire. The loss is $150,000.

A fast freight train jumped the track at Rahway, N. J. Three men received fatal injuries.

Caleb Dinsmore, of Claremont, N. H., aged fifteen, committed suicide by placing the muzzle of a gun to one of his eyes and firing the gun with a cane.

South and West.

No collector has been stationed at the United States Custom House at Osooyoos Lake, on the British Columbia border, and now the Indians have taken possession of the structure formerly occupied by representatives of this Government. Opium is being smuggled across the line and cattle are being stolen by border thieves.

The New Orleans Grand Jury have indicted ex-State Treasurer Burke, who is now abroad, for forgery in uttering as true forged Louisiana bonds.

Children playing in a barn at Muskegon, Mich., set the building on fire, and little Annie Michaels perished in the flames.

Alliance Day drew 60,000 farmers to the Piedmont Exposition at Atlanta, Ga.

A number of vessels have been driven ashore by bad weather near Norfolk, Va.

While Hugh McCullogh, the Superintendent of Perkins's cotton gin, near Memphis, Tenn., was sitting in his office, an unknown person shot him through the window and killed him.

The United States war ship Galena arrived at Chesapeake Bay with a number of the rioters from Navassa Island on board.

Fire at Port Clinton, Ohio, destroyed August Spies & Co.'s lumber yard, an elevator filled with grain, two dwellings, railroad cars and docks. Loss, $100,000.

Joe Harold, the colored man who made an assault on a lady of Columbus, Miss., was captured at Tupelo, and was taken to the scene of his attempted outrage, fully identified and lynched. He confessed.

Two boys of Fultonvile, W., Va. drank a half gallon of whisky and died.

The steel cruiser San Francisco has been successfully launched at the Union Iron Works in San Francisco.

Fire has destroyed property in Selma, Ala., to the value of nearly a quarter of million dollars.

Mrs. Catharine Clifford, a lodging-house keeper in St. Paul, Minn., has been burned to death. While driving to the fire which destroyed her house Chief Engineer Cook was thrown from his carriage and fatally injured.

Five men are to be hanged in Hancock, Tenn., on December 23, for the murder of Henly Sutton, a prominent stock buyer. The murder was the result of a family feud, and the Tennessee Supreme Court has confirmed the sentence of the lower court.

Mr. and Mrs. Miller, an old couple who lived near Unadilla, Ga., were brutally murdered by thieves, and their house ransacked and robbed.

P. M. Arthur was re-elected Chief of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers at the convention at Denver, Col.

Oliver Garrison, seventy-nine years old, who built the first steamboat to ply between New Orleans and St. Louis, has committed suicide at the latter city.

Sergeant T. C. Baron, Thirteenth Regiment, U. S. A., was fatally wounded by a butcher named Taylor, during a drunken brawl in Guthrie, Indian Territory.

Fire in the packing-house of Armor & Co., in Kansas City, has caused a loss of $110,000.

Great excitement exists at Lexington, N. C., on account of the arrest of thirty white men, charged with the recent lynching of Robert Berrier, who murdered his mother-in-law.

Five Chinese lepers have been shipped back to Hong Kong from San Francisco.

The forty-third annual meeting of the American Missionary Society opened in Chicago.

The drug establishment of O'Neil & Dyas, at Akron, Ohio, has been destroyed by fire. The loss is estimated at $250,000.

The United States ship Monongahela, which arrived at San Francisco from Samoa, brought the body of Captain C. M. Schoonmaker, of the United States man-of-war Vandalia, who was drowned in the great storm of March 16.

Washington.

The President has appointed Edward T. Green, of New Jersey, United States District Judge for the District of New Jersey.

Immigrants who arrived at the ports of the United States from the principal countries, except Canada and Mexico, during nine months ending September 30, numbered 339,108, a decrease of 103,639 as compared with the same months last year.

The contract for furnishing postage stamps for four years has been awarded to the American Bank Note Company of New York city.

President Harrison has granted an absolute pardon to George C. Wood, convicted of polygamy in Utah and sentenced to five years' imprisonment in the penitentiary and to pay a fine of $500.

J. Hubley Ashton, of Washington, h

John Field has been appointed by President Harrison Postmaster at Philadelphia.

Acting Secretary Batcheller has decided that Chinese laundrymen are laborers within the meaning of the Chinese restrictive act, and are therefore prohibited from landing in the United States, no matter whether they have been here before or not.

Attorney-General Miller has appointed James P. Van Rensselaer to be Assistant District-Attorney for the Southern District of New York.

been appointed counsel for the United States before the Venezuela Claims Commission.

Bids for three new 2000-ton steel cruisers were opened at the Navy Department. Five builders tendered bids, and all were within the appropriation.

President Harrison has appointed John C. Slocum, of Florida, to be Surveyor-General of Florida.

Secretary Tracy has awarded the contract for the building of the new 2000-ton cruiser to the Columbia Iron Works and Dry Dock Company, of Baltimore, at their bid of $1,225,000.

Private Secretary Halford has returned to Washington from Fortress Monroe, and resumed his duties at the White House.

Foreign.

The special commission to inquire into the charges made by the London *Times* against Charles Parnell and other members of the Irish National Party in Parliament has resumed its session in London.

The balance of the profit on the receipts of the Paris Exhibition, amounting to about $310,000, is to be divided between the State and the city of Paris.

Sir Henry Parkes, Premier of New South Wales, in a speech at Sidney proposed a federation of all the Australian colonies.

Princess Sophie of Prussia and the Crown Prince of Greece were married at Athens.

A Canadian Government organ has announced that proclamation of the Weldon Extradition Act is deferred until the United States Senate takes action on a new British Extradition Treaty.

The United States ship Mohican, which arrived at Honolulu from Callao, received orders to proceed to Samoa to reinforce the Adams which is there now.

Prince Francis Hatzfeldt has been married to Miss Clara Huntington, daughter of C. P. Huntington, the American railroad magnate, in the Brompton Oratory at London by Bishop Emmans.

In a railway accident near Agra, in India, fifteen persons were killed and forty injured.

The British ship Bolan, from Calcutta for Liverpool, has foundered at sea. Thirty-three lives were lost.

The General Transatlantic Line steamer Ville de Brest burst her boiler in Tunis Bay. Five persons were killed by the explosion.

Five thousand miners employed in the collieries in Barinage, Belgium, went on strike.

Herr Gosche, professor of literature in the University of Halle, Germany, has committed suicide by cutting his throat with a razor.

President Barillias, of Gautemala, is reported to have killed twenty-four of the leaders of the recent revolution in that State. They are said to have been supplied with arms from Mexico and New York.

Irish Nationalists met in Dublin and organized the Tenants' Defence League.

President Barrillos, of Guatemala, has ordered the execution of seven insurrectionary leaders who were taken prisoners in the district of the Republic, where a revolution is now in progress.

The German police have notified Count Dillon, the French political exile, to quit Dieuze; otherwise they will arrest him and expel him from Germany.

The cotton crop of Egypt promises to exceed last year's in quantity. The average quality will probably be similar.

The Cunard steamer Cephalonia, which sailed from Liverpool for Boston, had to put into Holyhead on account of an explosion on board, by which the second engineer and four firemen were seriously injured.

LATER NEWS.

The Rev. T. De Witt Talmage, accompanied by his wife and daughter, left for the Holy Land on the steamship City of Paris. The steamer will carry him to Liverpool after a short stay there, the reverend gentleman will take a steamer up the Mediterranean.

The steamers Cleopatra and Crystal Wave were sunk in a collision off the Delaware Capes.

The Indiana State Board of Health has received information that hog cholera is prevalent in the northern and northwestern counties of the State.

One of the large boilers of the Bellair blast furnaces at Bellair, Ohio, exploded with terrible force, cracking two other boilers in the main battery and wrecking the boiler-room. The damage to the mill and adjoining property is $200,000. No one was injured.

Rear Admiral Walker was entertained at dinner by his friends in Washington; and Admiral Franklin, in the same city, gave a dinner to the delegates to the Maritime Conference.

The annual report of Brigader-General Nelson A. Miles, commanding the Division of the Pacific, has been received at the War Department. He recommends appropriations of $30,000,000 for sites, plants and guns.

Secretary Blaine has acquitted Consul Lewis of the particular charge made against him by Ramon Azogue, interpreter at the Tangier Consulate, of withholding money due the latter.

The London Missionary Society has received news of the massacre by natives of Rev. Mr. Savage and a number of native teachers, and the crew of the society's vessel, the Mary, in New Guinea.

It has been announced that Mr. Balfour, the Irish Secretary, would introduce in Parliament a bill providing for a large system of land purchase.

The railway system on the island of Jamaica has been sold by the Colonial Government to a syndicate of American capitalists.

DANGEROUS DYNAMITE.

One Person Killed, Five Injured and Many Houses Destroyed.

A workman named Chartrand, employed with a number of others in making a drain on Panthalion street, Montreal, lighted a fire in a forge close to several primed dynamite cartridges which were being used by the contractors who had charge of the work for blasting purposes. The cartridges exploded, instantly killing Chartrand, aged twenty-one, seriously injuring five other persons, and badly damaging many houses in the neighborhood. The wounded are Mrs. Charboneau, A. Leblanc, Mme. Leblanc, Philippe Leblanc, and Mrs. A. Bilodian. Chartrand leaves a widow and two children.

THE LABOR WORLD.

Out of 1050 convicts in the Eastern Pennsylvania Penitentiary only nineteen are said to be mechanics.

There is a project for the formation of a National organization of the Picture Frame Workers' Unions of the United States.

The shepherds at Anteguesa, Spain, recently went on strike for an advance from seventy to 120 reals per month. They won.

The unions of Massachusetts will request the next Legislature to enact a law which will prevent the counterfeiting of union labels.

In January next the International Tailors' Club of New York city will have two classes for the instruction of its members in ladies' tailoring.

Owing to the protests of the unions of Indiana the directors of the South Indiana Penitentiary have decided to stop shoemaking in the institution.

The 713 convicts employed in the Riverside (Penn.) Penitentiary are making mats and brooms, which, the warden says, are exported to Australia.

The Columbus (Ohio) Trades Assembly will make special efforts to defeat candidates for the Legislature who refuse to sign their eight-hour pledges.

Cigarmakers' Union No. 100, of Philadelphia, has made a contract with Gumpert Bros., who have granted their 200 employes a slight advance of wages.

A new development of the labor question is the suit begun by two miners at Greensburg, Penn., against a boss who called them "Mollie Maguires" and "Anarchists."

It is reported that 180 new locals of the K. of L., with 8340 members, have been formed within two months, and that 86 locals have been reorganized or reinstated.

An organization of clerks has been formed in Manchester, England, with a membership beginning with 500. It includes only those who are engaged in bookkeeping.

An appeal has been issued for the formation of a National Union of Tile Layers. It is proposed to call a National Convention of the trade if this appeal meets the approval of the local unions.

Several ladies in Everlay, a village in Yorkshire, England, have started a co-operative shirt factory. Stock is being bought rapidly by workingwomen in other trades, and the affair has been a success from the start.

The Western Window Glass Workers' Union has won its strike at Pittsburgh for a five per cent. advance in wages, and business has been resumed. The plate glass workers of Pittsburg have also been successful in their strike.

Favorable accounts of the prospects of the K. of L. in Great Britain are given by Master Workman Archibald, of the New York Paper Hangers' Assembly, who has spent two months in Europe as a promoter of the interests of the order.

The paving stone cutters have a national union, with fifty-six branches and 1700 members in nineteen States. Maine has ten branches. About one thousand members are located in that State, and they cut about one hundred thousand stones daily.

The new Brotherhood of United Labor has already adopted a seal bearing a square and triangle and the words "Liberty, Equality, Fraternity—Equal and Exact Justice to All—Special Privileges to None." It already claims a membership of 20,000.

A skillful cork cutter can produce from 1500 to 2000 corks a day, his only tools being two sharp, broad bladed knives. Machines have been introduced which can turn out about 2000 corks an hour, but they are useless for the cutting of the finer qualities.

The *Shoe and Leather Reporter* says that in the days of shoe manufacturing by hand one person produced on the average a pair and a half a day. At that rate it would require the labor of 333,333 persons to furnish the 150,000,000 pairs of shoes worn yearly by the people. With the modern machinery 140,000 make the shoes.

John Burns, the leader of the London dock laborers, says that the recent strike was but a preliminary skirmish, and that the struggle of British workingmen will be continued. He has announced that the next thing to be undertaken is the establishment of a general Federation of Labor, with branches in all parts of Great Britain.

WITH A GILT SPADE.

Dr. Talmage Breaks Ground for the New Tabernacle.

The ceremony of breaking ground for the new Tabernacle, to be erected in Clinton and Greene avenues, in Brooklyn, attracted a large number of spectators. The exercises consisted of singing, prayer, reading the Scriptures, and addresses. Dr. Talmage presided, and also turned over the first sod with



THE TABERNACLE BEFORE THE FIRE.

a gilt spade. The top of the iron part of the spade, as well as the handle, was covered with blue plush. Among the ministers who participated were the Rev. Dr. Lyman Abbot, the Rev. Dr. Ingersoll, the Rev. John D. Wells, and the Rev. Dr. Terhune. Dr. Talmage made an address, in the course of which he said:

"We put our church here because it is as near as we can get to the centre of our congregation. We were central when we planted our former church where it was, but Brook-



THE RUINS OF THE TABERNACLE.

lyn moved on and moved up and moved out."

Treasurer John Wood said it would be one of the largest and most imposing churches in the world. The regular seating capacity would be more than 5000, and by throwing open the Sunday-school rooms there would be accommodation for 2000 more. The insurance companies affected by the late fire have settled with the trustees for $115,000, which will about pay for the ground for the new building.

The building that was burned down was dedicated February 22, 1874, and was known as the largest Protestant church in America. Since then other large churches have been erected, but now it is very probable that the new church will be the largest and most beautiful in the country.

WRECKERS' DEADLY WORK.

Oil Cars Exploded and Three Trainmen Killed.

North bound freight train No. 92, on the Lake Erie and Western Railroad, has been wrecked at Kokomo, Ind. The engine struck an obstruction at the switch on the outskirts of the city and with eight or ten cars was thrown from the track. Twelve oil tanks exploded in quick succession, setting fire to the box cars attached. Two cars of merchandise and four of coal were consumed.

Engineer Mehl, Fireman Edward Burnett and Head Brakeman John Spellman were thrown beneath the oil cars and burned to a crisp. The accident was the work of wreckers, it being the third attempt made in that vicinity within two months.

BIG CAPTURE OF TRAMPS.

Thirty Sent to Jail in Twenty-Four Hours.

In twenty-four hours officers arrested about thirty tramps between Reading and Lebanon, Penn., and they were all sent to jails in those two cities and Harrisburg. For months past the Lebanon Valley has been overrun with tramps, and many crimes have been committed, houses and stores have been burglarized, highway robberies committed, women insulted and abused, and houses and barns burned. Stolen goods in large quantities were found in possession of the prisoners, some of which have been identified by merchants as their property. Evidence is being gathered which is expected to send some of them to prison for long terms.

PROMINENT PEOPLE.

Walt Whitman, the poet, is reduced to a wheel chair.

Prince Bismarck has been ordered to take a physical and mental rest.

Mrs. Frank Leslie wears black leather boots with tips and laces of silver.

President Carnot, of France, is making arrangements for a visit to Algeria.

Lord Tennyson is hard at work on a new $1000 poem for one of the English magazines.

The King of Bavaria receives an income of $1,000,000 a year from the profits of a brewery.

Lafcadio Hearn, the brilliant New Orleans writer, has a Greek mother and a British father.

The new crown being made for the Empress of Germany will contain 1500 diamonds and eleven large pearls.

Queen Victoria is said to have real estate investments in New York city which pay her a handsome income.

The mother of Bayard Taylor recently celebrated her eightieth birthday. She lives at Kennett Square, Penn.

Sir Frederick Young, the English scientist, at the age of seventy, has just finished a trip of 16,000 miles through Africa.

A marble statue of the Princess of Wales, by a French sculptor, is to be executed for erection at Copenhagen, Denmark.

The efforts which are making to induce Oliver Wendell Holmes to write an autobiography are not likely to meet with success.

Historian Bancroft says that he feels as well as he did sixty years ago. Horseback riding, he asserts, is the best elixir of youth.

Secretary Balfour, "the best hated man in England," is forty-one years old and does not look like a strong man either mentally or physically.

The Sultan of Turkey has lost a great deal of flesh of late and begins to look like an old man. His physicians have ordered him to drink plenty of wine.

THE MARKETS.

44

NEW YORK.			
Beeves	2 50	@	4 90
Milch Cows, com. to good	30 00	@	50 00
Calves, common to prime	2 00	@	2 60
Sheep	4 25	@	5 30
Lambs	6 00	@	6 50
Hogs—Live	4 30	@	4 65
Dressed	5⅝	@	6⅛
Flour—City Mill Extra	4 20	@	4 40
Patents	4 75	@	5 75
Wheat—No. 2 Red	83⅛	@	83¾
Rye—State	56	@	57
Barley—Two-rowed State	55	@	57
Corn—Ungraded Mixed	39½	@	42
Oats—No. 1 White	—	@	34
Mixed Western	24	@	26½
Hay—No. 1	80	@	85
Straw—Long Rye	60	@	70
Lard—City Steam	—	@	6.35c
Butter—Elgin Creamery	24½	@	25
Dairy, fair to good	15	@	23
West. Im. Creamery	10	@	18
Factory	7½	@	12½
Cheese—State Factory	10½	@	10½
Skims—Light	7½	@	8¼
Western	7½	@	10
Eggs—State and Penn	23	@	23½
BUFFALO.			
Steers—Western	3 25	@	3 90
Sheep—Medium to Good	4 25	@	4 60
Lambs—Fair to Good	5 50	@	6 25
Hogs—Good to Choice Yorks	4 25	@	4 70
Flour—Family	5 00	@	5 25
Wheat—No. 2 Northern	—	@	82½
Corn—No. 3, Yellow	—	@	36¾
Oats—No. 2, White	25¼	@	25½
Barley—No. 1 Canada	67	@	68
BOSTON.			
Flour—Spring Wheat Pat's	5 25	@	5 80
Corn—Steamer Yellow	43½	@	45½
Oats—No. 2 White	27	@	35
Rye—State	60	@	65
WATERTOWN (MASS.) CATTLE MARKET.			
Beef—Dressed weight	5	@	6¼
Sheep—Live weight	2¼	@	4¼
Lambs	5¼	@	6
Hogs—Northern	—	@	5⅜
PHILADELPHIA.			
Flour—Penn. family	4 00	@	4 25
Wheat—No. 2, Red, Nov	81¼	@	81¾
Corn—No. 2, Mixed, Nov	40⅜	@	41
Oats—Ungraded White	—	@	28
Potatoes—Rose	35	@	50
Butter—Creamery Extra	23	@	24
Cheese—Part skims	6	@	7

A FARMERS' CONVENTION.

First Meeting of Its Kind Ever Held in This Country.

What the Farmers of the Mississippi Valley Hope to Effect.

The wheat-growers of the Mississippi Valley assembled in convention at Central Turner Hall, St. Louis, a few days since to organize for future action. Walter N. Allen, President of the Farmers' Federation, called the convention to order and made a long speech. He said that it was the first meeting of the kind ever held on this continent. "We are not here," he said, "for the purpose of denouncing trusts and combines, but to meet the issue of new systems and conditions in trade. Realizing our individual feebleness, and the great importance of unity of action as a class, we have been called together to consider the proposition to delegate to a power of our own creation, the exclusive right to market the products of our farms, and to take such measures as will afford present relief and future protection to the agricultural interests of the Mississippi Valley. The farmer is the only producer who sends an over-supply of his wares to market to be sold by some one else, and, like the goods of the bankrupt, at some one else's prices; and, when he dares complain of the sacrifice, the answer of the master is, 'Over-production.' Over-production cannot, in justice, be wealth for the nation and slavery for the producer.

"If farmers would organize, like manufacturers, to control production and regulate the output in the public market, they could in common with all producers, set the price on their own products irrespective of over-production, or the power of the Liverpool markets. The unavoidable tendency of the present established trade system is to bring the price down to the lowest limit at which a food supply can be produced under the most favorable conditions of soil, season and climate. Now, in order to advert impending ruin, we must reverse this order by substituting a new system, fixing the price of farm products at the cost of production on lands that produce only thirty fold. This will restore the natural law of exchange with equal and exact justice to all. In other words, the difference between the present trade structure and the system proposed is, the one tends to the minimum price that a food supply can be obtained without checking production, while the other seeks the maximum that a food supply can be sold at without diminishing consumption.

"The power to establish the value of one bushel of American wheat and one barrel of mess pork can control the markets of the world. This power is to be found in the centralized agency of the the Federated Farmers of the Mississippi Valley, a company legally chartered with a capital stock of $20,000,000, and as your servant this company awaits your bidding to enter upon its work of redemption."

Ex-Governor Charles Robinson, of Kansas, was made Temporary Chairman, and he addressed the convention, strongly urging unity of action and organization of the farmers throughout the grain-growing States. Norman J. Coleman, of Missouri, ex-Secretary of Agriculture, was made Permanent Chairman; Walter N. Allen, of Kansas, Vice-President; T. G. Wilson, of Minnesota, Secretary, and J. P. Limenbener, of Kansas, Assistant Secretary.

Mr. Robert Linblood, of Chicago, spoke briefly to the delegates, stating that he sympathized with them in their cause which he thought was a good one.

Resolutions were adopted setting forth that farming, under existing laws, is a losing business, and that Congress and the President be asked to make such reciprocity treaties with foreign nations as will cause such nations to remove customs duties from farm products shipped abroad, thereby resulting in a higher price for the product. Congress was also requested to pass laws throttling trusts and monopolies. A resolution was also reported requesting Congress to pass laws declaring option trading a felony. The resolutions were adopted. At the afternoon session the Wheatgrowers' Association of the Mississippi Valley was organized. This is a sort of an annex to the Farmers' Federation. Norman J. Colman was elected President, and an Executive Board, consisting of two members from each State or Territory, was named. The Executive Board is to have full power to transact the business of the association. It will fix the price of wheat, build granaries and store wheat until the fixed price is obtained. Agencies will be established in Chicago, St Louis, Kansas City and Omaha on December 1 for the purpose of handling the product of the association. The convention then adjourned sine die.

RAILROAD COLLISION.

Three Persons Killed and Four Injured.

Norfolk and Western east bound passenger train No. 2, which left Roanoke, Va., fifteen minutes late, was run into by a west bound freight train east of Bufordsville, wrecking the freight engine and five cars and the passenger engine, baggage, mail and express cars. Thousands of dollars' worth of canned goods were scattered in every direction. Three men were killed and four injured. The collision was caused by the freight men mistaking the figure 1:29 o'clock for 1:49 on their order. They should have side tracked their train at the station east of Bufords.

A colored man who was returning from church saw the trains approaching each other and signaled them. The passenger train had nearly stopped, but the freight dashed into it at the rate of thirty miles an hour.

MUSICAL AND DRAMATIC.

Mrs. Bancroft will probably return to the English stage in a version of Sardou's "Belle Maman."

Robert Mantell intends, it is said, to appear in New York city as Hamlet before the end of the season.

Charles Wyndham has secured the English rights of all Robertson's comedies for the term of five years.

"Dante" is a new opera by Benjamin Godard, to be brought out this winter by the Paris Opera Comique.

Professor Herkomer's next play will include a theatrical marvel not as yet attempted—real lightning.

Joseph Jefferson and W. J. Florence are doing a remarkable business at the Star Theatre in New York city.

A complete cyclus of Shakespeare's historical dramas will be given during the winter at Frankfurt, Germany.

Mary Anderson, in recent letters, expresses the hope that she may be able soon to resume her stage performances.

Maggie Mitchell, in her successful comedy drama, "Ray," is the attraction at the Windsor Theatre, New York city.

Pauline Lucca is to go on a concert tour through Russia. She has quite abandoned the idea of revisiting the United States.

Robert Buchanan is busy on an Irish romantic drama, which will probably be produced at the Princess's Theatre in London.

Otto Hegner, a thirteen-year-old pianist, has made his first appearance in this country at the Metropolitan Opera House, New York city.

Johannes Wolff recently played eleven pieces on his violin for Queen Victoria, and she gave him a diamond pin and wrote him an autograph letter.

John V. Bridgeman, a well-known dramatic writer, has just died in London, in his seventieth year. He was one of the editors of the *Musical World*.

The ladies of Munich, Germany, desire to erect a statue to Richard Wagner in that town, and they hope to attain the necessary funds by an appeal to the ladies of Germany.

The Shah of Persia was so delighted with the performance of "Excelsior," which he witnessed at the Paris Eden Theatre, that he determined on having a representation given in his palace at Teheran.

Emma Abbott is reported to have recently said: "Do you know, I have never been in better voice than I am now. Sorrow seems to have developed new tones; to have deepened and strengthened and mellowed them. I am offered larger terms from managers than I have ever had before."

The "Merchant of Venice" has been presented at the Broadway Theatre, New York city, with Mr. Booth as Shylock and Madame Modjeska as Portia. During Mr. Booth's engagement he will be seen as Don Cæsar in "Don Cæsar de Bazan," a part that he has not acted in this city in several years.

A controversy has, it is alleged, arisen in Leipsic. Because the authorities of the Church of St. Thomas there propose to consecrate a chapel to the memory of Mendelssohn, the anti-Semitics have made the portentous discovery that Mendelssohn was descended from a Hebrew. Hence the rumpus.

The new United States cruiser, which will be constructed at the Brooklyn Navy Yard, will be limited in cost to $1,100,000. Before any work is done in the ship proper a model will be made on the scale of a quarter of an inch to the foot. This model will be 12½ feet long and perfect in every detail. From it the schedules of the materials will be made.

Your Pullets Must Lay.

Two or three weeks of judicious management now to assist the pullets in forming their first crop of eggs, so to speak, will make a vast difference in the product of eggs during the next four months. A few dollars properly spent on the flock now, will return to you many fold increase in eggs. Mr. E. R. Stuart, of Lancaster, N. H., says: "I had twelve fine Plymouth Rock pullets. The early hatched ones commenced laying in the fall; when cold weather came on they stopped laying, while the rest had not begun to lay. I then commenced using Sheridan's Powder, advertised to make hens lay. In ten days one pullet commenced to lay, in fourteen days three more began, and in just one month from the time I began using the Sheridan's Powder, the twelve were laying." For 50 cents in stamps, I. S. Johnson & Co., 22 Custom House Street, Boston, Mass., will send by mail, two 25 cent packs, five packs for $1; or, for $1.20, a 2¼ pound can of Powder postpaid; six cans for $5, express prepaid. Testimonials sent free. For 5 cents a copy of the best poultry paper sent prepaid. The paper one year and a can of powder for $1.50.

Pretty Tall.

The highest structure of masonry in the world is said to be the National Museum recently completed at Turin, in Italy. It was originally designed for a synagogue, but it proved ill adapted to that purpose, and was sold to the city. It was then converted into a museum as a monument to the memory of Victor Emanuel. On top of the dome rises a spire nearly as high as the whole of the rest of the building. The gilt statue on the top of this spire stands 538 feet from the ground.

Card of Thanks.

If the proprietor of Kemp's Balsam should publish a card of thanks, containing expressions of gratitude which come to him daily, from those who have been cured of severe throat and lung troubles by the use of Kemp's Balsam, it would fill a fair-sized book. How much better to invite all to call on any druggist and get a free sample bottle that you may test for yourself its power. Large bottles 50c. and $1.

A buried city, containing relics in profusion, has been unearthed in Honduras.

Listen—a song of rejoicing.
Hearts that were heavy are glad.
Women, look up and be hopeful,
There's help and there's health to be had.
Take courage, O weak ones despondent,
And drive back the foe that you fear
With the weapon that never will fail you.
O, be of good cheer,

for when you suffer from any of the weaknesses "irregularities" and "functional derangements," peculiar to your sex, by the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription you can put the enemy of ill-health and happiness to rout. It is the only medicine for women, sold by druggists, under a positive *guarantee* of satisfaction in every case, or money refunded. See bottle-wrapper.

For all derangements of the liver, stomach and bowels take Dr. Pierce's Pellets. One a dose.

One man in Western Australia owns and controls nearly 4,000,000 acres of land.

Why *rub*, and *toil*, and *wear* out yourself and your clothes on wash-day, when, ever since 1864, Dobbins's Electric Soap has been offered on purpose to lighten your labor, and save your clothes. *Now* try it. Your grocer has it.

Sparrows are now being utilized for trap-shooting instead of pigeons.

Did You Read

The large advertisement of The Youth's Companion which we published last week? This remarkable paper has the phenomenal circulation of 430,000 copies weekly. No other journal is more welcomed by old and young in the families throughout the land. The publishers make a *special offer* once a year, and to all who subscribe now will send the paper *free to January 1, 1890, and for a full year from that date*. The subscription price is $1.75. Address,

The Youth's Companion, Boston, Mass.

How's This!

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by taking Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. Cheney & Co., Props., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions, and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

West & Truax, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.
Walding, Kinnan & Marvin, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.
E. H. Van Hoesen, Cashier Toledo National Bank, Toledo, Ohio.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price, 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Oregon, the Paradise of Farmers.

Mild, equable climate, certain and abundant crops. Best fruit, grain, grass and stock country in the world. Full information free. Address Oregon Im'igrat'n Board, Portland, Ore.

Many imitate, none equal, "Tansill's Punch" America's finest 5c. Cigar.

If afflicted with sore eyes use Dr. Isaac Thompson's Eye-water. Druggists sell at 25c. per bottle

Catarrh

Is a complaint which affects nearly everybody, more or less. It originates in a cold, or succession of colds, combined with impure blood. Disagreeable flow from the nose, tickling in the throat, offensive breath, pain over and between the eyes, ringing and bursting noises in the ears, are the more common symptoms. Catarrh is cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla, which strikes directly at its cause by removing all impurities from the blood, building up the diseased tissues and giving healthy tone to the whole system.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

Ely's Cream Balm WILL CURE **CHILDREN** OF CATARRH.

Apply Balm into each nostril. ELY BROS., 56 Warren St., N. Y.



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AFTER ALL OTHERS FAIL CONSULT DR. LOBB

329 North Fifteenth St., Philadelphia, Pa., for the treatment of Blood Poisons, Skin Eruptions, Nervous Complaints, Bright's Disease, Strictures, Impotency and kindred diseases, no matter of how long standing or from what cause originating. ☞Ten days' medicines furnished by mail **FREE.** Send for Book on SPECIAL Diseases.

BIG G — Cures in 1 TO 5 DAYS. Guaranteed not to cause Stricture. Mf'd only by the Evans Chemical Co. Cincinnati, Ohio. Trade Mark.

I prescribe and fully endorse Big G as the only specific for the certain cure of this disease. G. H. INGRAHAM, M. D., Amsterdam, N. Y.

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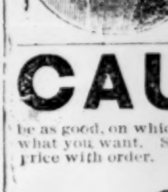
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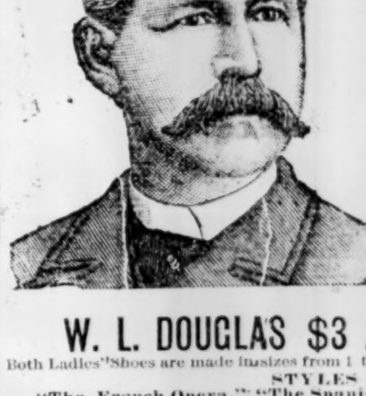


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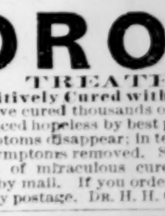
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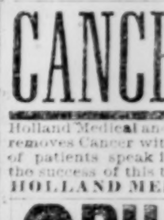
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